

COMMISSION OF INQUIRY INTO ASPECTS OF THE FORESTRY INDUSTRY

INTERIM REPORT NO 3

THE FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL AS THE STATE MARKETING AUTHORITY

VOLUME 4
APPENDICES 49 - 57

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FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA STATE MARKETING ACTIVITY

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT - 3 MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1986

FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA STATE MARKETING ACTIVITY

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accountant:

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our reference

RD/RAB/dcd/A3*41

6th August

PRIVATE & CONFIDENTIAL

Mr. Imari Trawa, Acting Executive Director, Forest Industries Council, P.O. Box 1829, PORT MORESBY

Dear Sir,

STATE MARKETING ACTIVITY (SMA)

- 1. We refer to your letter of 15th June, 1987 and to our letter of 26th June, 1987 in respect of our appointment to prepare a separate profit and loss account for the State Marketing Activity (SMA) for the three months period ended 31st December, 1986.
- 2. Enclosed herewith as Appendix 1 is the profit and loss account of SMA for the 3 month period ended 31st December 1986.
- 3. The profit and loss account was prepared by us from books and records of the Forest Industries Council and information provided by Officers of the Council. Under the terms of our engagement we have not audited the accounting records of Forest Industries Council or the accompanying profit and loss statement. Accordingly, we express no opinion on whether they present a true and fair view of the position or of the period's trading and no warranty of accuracy or reliability is given.
- 4. The profit and loss account was prepared on the following assumptions:-
 - (a) Overseas trips made by officers of the Council to Taiwam, Korea, Japan, India, Manila, Australia and Singapore did not relate to State Marketing Activity.
 - (b) Expenses during the 3 months period ended 31st December 1986 were analysed by Kennedy Ako and were split into FIC normal operation and State Marketing Activity.
 - In the absence of sufficient records to identify the expenses paid for the State Marketing Activity, the following expenses were split between FIC normal operations and SMA using the following transport provided in the 1987 budget:-



25 Years Servite In Paroua New Secret

- (d) Enclosed herewith as Appendix 2 is a copy of the 1987 budget obtained from the files of Forest Industries Council.
- 5. During the course of our work in the preparation of the above accounts we have noted the following matters for your attention.
 - (a) Accounts, Books and Records

Monthly profit and loss accounts, which we understand were meant to be prepared were not available for the months of August to November.

(b) Expenses for SMA and FIC were not identified on the cheque vouchers, resulting in the use of Kennedy Ako's limited knowledge of SMA activity and of the above ratios where applicable. We would presume that a percentage of the costs included in the Income and Expenditure Statement of FIC under 'conference, research and development costs, miscellaneous' relates to the SMA but no apportionment was possible because all vouchers were coded to FIC. These costs increased by K21,827 from 1985 representing a 95% rise, similarly 'Accommodation' rose 176% from K9,612 to K26,549 and possibly SMA costs are included in these figures.

(c) Log Sales

From the information supplied by officers of the Council, the SMA operation appears to have been monitored and controlled almost exclusively by Mr Cowan, the Executive Director.

Several apparent irregularities have been noted for attention within the SMA operation and we strongly suggest that steps be taken to fully qualify the apparent irregularities and establish responsibility for them.

Between 22% and 30% of the gross sales receibts were withheld by the Council's bank (Bank of South. Pacific) in US dollars on the instructions of Mr. Cowan, supposedly for freight and shipping. The amount withheld for the three months ended 31st December 1986 was US\$806,534 of which US\$76,476 was paid out to credit Sound View Shipping Limited in USA. The balance is not reflected in the Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st December 1986. Enclosed as Appendix 3 is a schedule of log sales of which monies were withheld by the Bank of South Pacific as per instructions.

- (d) It appears that FIC was acting in a trustee position on behalf of a company called Angus Limited whereby FIC would receive money on behalf of Angus and pay expenses for them when requested. There is insufficient documentation to substantiate such payments.
- 6. Because such matters raised above are not within our present scope of engagement, we can not comment on the apparent irregularities, but strongly suggest such matters are investigated at your earliest convenience.
- 7. There are several other areas in which we have found apparent irregularites and we would be happy to discuss these with you. The following areas that should be looked at:-
 - (a) Contracts of employment;
 - (b) Salary and wages/termination payments;
 - (c) Expenses not relating to FIC operations.

8. 1987 Financial Statements

We advise that we are in the process of preparing the financial statements for the 6 months period ended 30th June, 1987. The delay in the preparation of these accounts is due to the delay in receiving the books and other information from your accountant.

Please do not hesitate to contact this office if you require any further information in respect of the above.

We strongly recommend that an independent audit be conducted in respect of the financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 1986, and period ended 30th June, 1987 together with a review of the existing accounting system.

We would be pleased to discuss this matter with you at your earliest convenience.

Yours faithfully,

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Appendix 1

FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA STATE MARKETING ACTIVITY

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT - 3 MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1986

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- 1 Accountants Report
- 2 Profit and Loss Account

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FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA STATE MARKETING ACTIVITY

ACCOUNTANTS' STATEMENT

We have prepared the accompanying profit and loss statement for the 3 months ended 31st December, 1986 from books and records of Forest Industries Council and other information provided by the officers of that company and at the request of and exclusively for the use and benefit of Forest Industries Council and its members. Under the terms of our engagement we have not audited the accounting records of Forest Industries Council or the accompanying profit and loss statement. Accordingly, we express no opinion on whether they present a true and fair view of the position or of the period's trading and no warranty of accuracy or reliability is given. Neither the firm nor any member or any employee of the firm undertakes responsibility in any way whatsoever to any person (other than Forest Industries Council of PNG) in respect of the statements, including any errors or omissions therein however caused.

COOPERS & LYBRAND

FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA STATE MARKETING ACTIVITY

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE 3 MONTHS ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1986

INCOME	ĸ	К
Commission - Received - Receivable	48,331 17,396 	65,727
Less: EXPENDITURE		
<pre>Promotions & Selling Expenditures Travelling expenses Conference, research & development costs, miscellaneous travel</pre>	3,876	
expenses	536	
Accommodation	385	
Entertainment	1,353	
	6,150	
Management & Staff Expenses Meetings Salaries, wages & recruitment Annual leave & leave fares	144 15,541 2,277 17,962	
General & Administration Expenses		
Bank charges Electricity Postage Printing & Stationery Telephone & Telex	645 606 111 1,021 10,443 95	
Car expenses.	70	
	12,921	37,033
NET INCOME		K28,694

The above profit and loss account is not audited.

Refer accountants report on page 1.

FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA CONSOLIDATED BUDGETTED CASH FLOW (QUARTERLY) FOR 1987

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ı	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	SEPT	DEC	NOTES
OPENING BALANCE/(DEFICIT)	38,199	38,199	(4,390)	(2,996)	11,783	
CASH INFLOW					•	0.5.3.7
Levies	322,324	88,523	68,929	76,501	88,371	Schedul A
Commission	163,196	53,846	36,450	36,450	36,450	1
Rental	15,433	2,806	4,209	4,209	4,209	2
Interest	5,400		2,700	•••	2,700	3
Sundry debtors - 1986	9,836	9,836				
	516,189	155,011	112,288	117,160	131,730	
yral cash inflow	554,388	193,210	107,898	114,164	143,513	
CASH OUTFILOW Promotion & Marketing						
Conference, Promotion & Marke	ting					
. Overseas	80,000	18,000	29,000	17,500	15,500	4
. Local	26,600	6,650	6,650	6,650	6,650	5.
Entertainment	9,000	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250	6
Rahibitions	14,100	_	_	8,000	6,100	7
Sponsorship	10,000	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	
	139,700	29,400	40,400	36,900	33,000	
Management & Staff						
Council: Meeting expenses	17,400	5,800	_	5,800	5,800	8
Wages & Staff benefits	196,226	45,500	44,313	36,500	69,413	Ò
House rental & expenses	10,200	2,550	2,550	2,550	2,550	
Recruitment & staff training	5,000		2,500	-	2,500	
	228,826	53,8 50	49,863	44,350	80,263	

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	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	SEPT	DEC	NOTES
eneral & Administration						
elephone & Telex	42,000	10,500	10,500	10,500	10,500	10
Mectricity & Water	8,400	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100	10
Printing & Stationery	6,000	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	10
Sank Charges	2,400	600	600	600	600	10
Postage	1,800	450	450	450	450	10
Insurance	4,500	4,500		-	-	
Accountancy & Audit fees	3,500	_	•••	-	3,500	
Professional fees	3,000	750	750	750	750	
pairs & M'ce - Off/Eqpt	3,600	900	900	900	900	
Vehicle running expenses	4,800	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	
Publications & Subscriptions	1,800	450	450	450	450	
(General office expenses	3,600	900	900	900	900	
	85,400	23,850	19,350	19,350	22,850	,.
Accruals - 1986	86,000	86,000	-	-	-	
Capital Expenditure						
Computer	4,500	4,500	-	••	-	
Photocopier	2,160		720	720	720	11
Word Processor	1,683	-	561	561	561	11
fotor Vehicle	1,920	-	-	-	1,920	11
	10,263	4,500	1,281	1,281	3,201	
TOTAL CASH OUTFLOW	550,189	197,600	110,894	102,381	139,314	

4,199 (4,390) (2,996) 11,783

CLOSING BALANCE/(DEFICIT)

4,199

CONSOLIDATED BUDGETTED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE STATEMENT (QUARTERLY) FOR 1987

	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	SEPT	DEC	NOTES
INCOME						
Levies	222 250	70 005	90 605	00 505	0= 0==	Schedu
	333,250	72,025	80,625	93,525	87,075	A
Commission	145,800	36,450	36,450	36,450	36,450	1
Rental	15,433	2,806	4,209	4,209	4,209	2
Interest	5,400	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	3
	499,883	112,631	122,634	135,534	129,084	
EXPENDITURE						
Promotion & Marketing						
Conferences, Promotion & Marke	ting					
. Overseas	80,000	18,000	29,000	17,500	15,500	4
. Local	26,600	6,650	6,650	6,650	6;650	5
Entertainment	9,000	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250	6
Exhibitions	14,100	-	-	8,000	6,100	7
Sponsorship	10,000	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	
	139,700	29,400	40,400	36,900	33,000	
Management & Staff		,				
Council Meeting expenses	17,400	5,800	-	5,800	5,800	8
Wages & Staff benefits	196,226	45,500	44,813	36,500	69,413	9
House rental & expenses	10,200	2,550	2,550	2,550	2,550	
Recruitment & staff training	5,000	-	2,500		2,500	
	228,826	53,850	49,863	44,850	80,263	

	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	SEPT	DEC	NOTES
eneral & Administration				•		
Telephone & Telex	42,000	10,500	10,500	10,500	10,500	10
Electricity & Water	8,400	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100	10
Printing & Stationery	6,000	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	10
Bank Charges	2,400	600	600	600	600	10
Postage	1,800	450	45Ó	450	450	10
Insurance	4,500	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125	
Accountancy & Audit fees	3,500	875	875	875	875	
Professional fees	3,000	750	750	750	750	
Repairs & M'ce - Off/Eqpt	3,600	900	900	900	900	,
Vehicle running expenses	4,800	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	
Publications & subscriptions	1,800	450	450	450	450	
Lease rental	5,763	-	1,281	1,281	3,201	11
General Office expenses	3,600	900	900	· 900	900	
Doubtful debts	4,200	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	
Depreciation	27,600	6,900	6,900	6 , 900	6,900	
	122,963	29,300	30,581	30,581	32,501	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	491,489	112,550	120,844	112,331	145,764	
EXCESS/(DEFICIT) OF INCOME OVER EXPENDITURE	8,394	81	1,790	23,203	(16,680)	

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FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA EXCLUDE STATE MARKETING AGENCY

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BUDGETTED CASH FLOW (QUARTERLY) FOR 1987

	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	SEPT	DEC	NOTES
OPENING BALANCE/(DEFICIT)	38,199	38,199	(20,282)	(72)	6,711	
CACTA TARE OLI						
CASH INFLOW						Schedul
Levies	322,324	88,523	68,929	76,501	88,371	A
Rental	15,433	2,806	4,209	4,209	4,209	2
Interest	5,400	-	2,700		2,700	3
Sundry Debtors - 1986	9,836	9,836				
	352,993	101,165	75,838	80,710	95,280	
TOTAL CASH INFLOW	391,192	139,364	55,556	80,638	101,991	
CASH OUTFLOW						
Promotion & Marketing						
Conferences, Promotion						
. Overseas	19,500	7,000	-	7,000	5,500	4
Entertainment	4,500	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125	6
Exhibitions	14,100	-	-	8,000	6,100	7
Sponsorship	10,000	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	
	48,100	10,625	3,625	18,625	15,225	
Management 1 Staff						
Management & Staff						
Council Meeting expenses	17,400	5,800	-	5,800	5,800	8
ages & Staff benefits	141,226	35,306	35,307	35,306	35,307	9
Hous rental & expenses	10,200	2,550	2,550	2,550	2,55 0	
Recritment & staff training	5,000	_	2,500		2,500	
	173,826	43,656	40,357	43,656	46,157	
			,			

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	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	SEPT	DEC	NOTE
General & Administration						•
Telephone & Telex	12,600	3,150	3 , 150	3,150	3,150	10
Electricity & Water	5,880	1,470	1,470	1,470	1,470	10
Printing & Stationery	4,200	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	10
Insurance	4,500	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125	
Accountancy & Audit fees	3,500	875	875	875	875	
Professional fees	3,000	750	750	750	750	
Repairs & MTce - Off/Eqpt	3,600	900	900	900	900	
Bank Charges	720	180	180	180	180	10
Postage	1,260	315	315	315	315	10
Vehicle running expenses	4,800	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	
Publications & subscriptions	1,800	450	450	450	450	
Lease rental	5,763	-	1,281	1,281	3,201	11
General Office expenses	3,600	900	900	900	900	
Doubtful debts	4,200	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	
Depreciation	27,600	6,900	6,900	6,900	6,900	
	87,023	20,315	21,596	21,596	23,516	
						, i,
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	308,949	74,596	65,578	83,877	84,898	
EXCESS/(DEFICIT) OF INCOME	he 19h	1 595	20, 606	15,207	7,736	
OVER EXPENDITURE	45,134	1,585	20,606	17,201	1,130	

FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA STATE MARKETING AGENCY

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A)	BUDGETTED	INCOME	AND	EXPENDITURE	STATEMENT	(QUARTERLY)	FOR	1987
-								

INCOME	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	SEPT	DEC	NOTES
Commission	145,800	36,450	36,450	36,450	36,450	1
EXPENDITURE		•				
Promotion & Marketing						
Promotion & Marketing						
dverseas	60,500	11,000	29,000	10,500	10,000	4
Local	26,600	6,650	6,650	6,650	6,650	5
Entertainment	4,500	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125	6
	91,600	18,775	36,775	18,275	17,775	
Management & Staff						
Wages & staff benefits	55,000	13,750	13,750	13,750	13,750	9
Administration						
Telephone & Telex	29,400	7,350	7,350	7,350	7,350	10
Electricity & Water	2,520	630	630	630	630	10
Printing & Stationery	1,800	450	450	450	450	10
Bank Charges	1,680	420	420	420	420	10
1 tage	540	135	135	135	135	10
	35,940	8,985	8,985	8,985	8,985	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	182,540	41,510	59,510	41,010	40,510	
EXCESS/(DEFICIT) OF INCOME OVER EXPENDITURE	(36,740)	(5,060)	(23,060)	(4,560)	(4,060)	·
B) BUDGETTED CASH FLOW (QUA	RTERLY) FOR 1	<u>987</u>				
OPENING BALANCE/(DEFICIT)	0	0	12,336	(10,724)	(15,284)	
CASH INFLOW - COMMISSION	163 106		•	•		

OPENING BALANCE/(DEFICIT)	0	0	12,336	(10,724)	(15,284)
CASH INFLOW - COMMISSION	163,196	53,846	36,450	36 ,450	36,450
TOTAL CASH INFLOW	163,196	53,846	48,786	25,726	21,166
CASH OUTFLOW - EXPENDITURE	182,540	41,510	59,510	41,010	40,510
CLOSING BALANCE/(DEFICIT)	(19,344)	12,336	(10,724)	(15,284)	(19,344)

BUDGETTED BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 1987

FIXED ASSETS @ B.V.		k316,943
CURRENT ASSETS		
Receivable	к90,893	
Interest Bearing Deposit	60,000	
Security deposit	1,212	
Cash at bank and in hand	4,199	
		156,304
NET ASSETS		473,247
FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL FUND		
Balance 1 January 1987		464,853
Add: Excess of income over exfor the year	penditure	8,394
•		473,247

BUDGETTED LEVIES RECEIVABLE FOR 1987

Month	Quantity (m3)	Value (K)
January	115,000	24,725
February	105,000	22,575
March	115,000	24,725
April	115,000	24,725
May	125,000	26,875
June	135,000	29,025
July	140,000	30,100
August	145,000	31,175
September	150,000	32,250
October	140,000	30,100
November	135,000	29,025
December	130,000	27,950

	1,550,000	333,250
		

NOTES

Collection based on ratio of 10:70:15 to be collected 2:3:4 months after production respectively. 5% budgetted for doubtful debts.

2. Levies outstanding less doubtful debt as at end 1986 is K96,000 breakdown as follows:

Dec - K28,000. Nov - K27,000. Oct - K14,000. Sept & other months -K26,000.

NOTES TO BUDGET

General

All expenditure assumed to be paid in the month incurred.

- 1. Estimate to sell 120,000m3 of logs at average FOB price US\$65p/m3, from which producer is to pay 2% as commission. Payment is by Letter of Credit and commission assumed to be paid in month of sales. Exchange rate K1.00 = US\$1.07. March cash inflow includes K17,396 paid in January for December 1986 sales.(5~7)
- 2. House at Le Hunte Road rented out at K350 per week commencing 1st February. Commission to housing agent at 7.5%.(F/C)
- 3. Current IBD of K60,000 with interest rate of 9% per annum.
- Represent propose overseas trips (inclusive airfare, hotel, entertainment & out-of-pocket expenses) as follows:

By SMA

Korea/Japan	2 trips x 2 persons at K5,000 per	r trip/person
Taiwan	1 trip x 2 persons at K2,750	19
India	1 trip x 2 persons at K5,500	11
Australia	1 trip x 2 persons at K2,500	11
Europe	1 trip x 4 persons at R4,750	11

By FIC

Sealpa	2 trips x 2 persons at K3,500 per	trip/person
Sarawak	1 trip x 2 persons at K2,750	**

- 5. Represent 28 local trips of average 6 days duration per trip to oversee loading at Average K350 for airfare and K100 per day for hotel and out of pocket expenses.
- 6. Entertainment expenses K9,000 shared equally between FIC and SMA.
- 7. Represent propose exhibitions (inclusive airfare, hotel, entertainment & out-of-pocket expenses) as follows: /c.

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Europe - 2 persons @ K4,000 per person.

Asia - 2 persons @ K3,050 per person.
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8. Estimated cost for 3 council meeting per year of 3 days duration per meeting for 10 members, of which 5 are from outside of Moresby.

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Airfare (5 x 3 x 659) = K5,250

Hotel & Car Hire (5 x 3 x 3 x K170) = K7,650

Allowances (10 x 3 x 3 x K50) = K4,500
```

9. Includes education allowance (K9,000) leave fare (K19,000) & gratuity (K16,625) and bonus (K5,600).

Total expenditure K196,226 of which K55,000 charged to SMA and balance K141,226 to FIC. (2000) \sim

10. Expenses to be shared between FIC & SMA in following ratio.

Telephone & Telex	K42,000	FIC K12,600 (0.3)	SMA K29,400 (0.7)
Electricity & Water	K 8,400	FIC K 5,880 (0.7)	SMA K 2,520 (0.3)
Printing & Stationery	K 6,000	FIC K 4,200 (0.7)	SMA K 1,800 (0.3)
Bank Charges	K 2,400	FIC K 720 (0.3)	SMA K 1,680 (0.3).7
Postage	K 1,800	FIC K 1,260 (0.7)	SMA K 540 (0.3)

11. Capital goods to be lease over 24 months @ estimate interest 14% p.a. with principal cost as follows: (Fig.)

Photocopier	K 4,500
Word Processor	K 3,500
Motor Vehicle (less trade-in)	K12,000

LOG SALES OF WHICH MONIES WERE WITHHELD BY B.S.P. AS PER INSTRUCTIONS OF FIC

Date/Bank Ref	L/C No.	Gross U\$	Monies Withheld U\$	Net U\$	Kina Taken Up As Sales K
2/1/87 CSB 8039/5383	M1918612 EV00370	547,619.13	124,735.46	422,883.67	402,938.22
23/12/86 CSB 8039/5374	**	323,219.12	82,824.89	240,394.23	230,837.55
19/12/86	012-LC108625 Sanko Ltd.	387,023.30	129,217.29 2	57,806,01	248,847.50
CSB 8039/5374					
4/12/86	M3218611NV 00025	552,388.01	122,074.71	430,313.30	417,577.19
26/11/86	BOM/CE/ 86115	91,955.43	30,470.59	61,484.84	60,061.38
25/11/86	•	127,454.52	46,006.23	81,448.29	79,353.36
20/11/86	W1917611 EU86331	420,022.95	106,405.81	308,016.84	300,768.32
28/10/86	BOM/20/86 2000	174,625.08	63,300.00	111,325.08	107,581.25
24/10/86	•	273,888.02	101,500.00	172,388.02	166,333.48
28/11/86	LC in favour of Stetin Bay	369,139.92	-	369,139.92	358,530. 98

U\$806,534.98

- 1. As per instruction from FIC this was remitted to Credit Soundview Shipping Limited account with Connecticut Bank, USA refer BSP letter dated 28/11/86 US\$76,476.82.
- 2. Only the commission of K8,432.98 was recorded in the log sales analysis sheet.
- 3. The balance war the movements of this monies were not taken up in the accounts.

APPENDIX 49 A

FIC SHIPMENTS DEDUCTIONS FROM BUYER PRICE

PART SHIP PRODUCER DESCRIPTION

1A. (STETTIN BAY)

The producer received K148,203.88 and FIC K6,639.61. Of the total FIC received 4.29%. There were no other agents. (Appendix 36.2).

1B. (TONOLEI)

The producer received K95,953.72 and FIC K3,974.28. Of the total FIC received 3.98%. There were no other agents (Appendix 36.2)

2A-B (KUMUSI)

FIC had an agreement to receive 3% of the FOB price to producer but neglected to deduct it. Other agents were the same as in 20-H. (Appendix 36.3)

2C-H (STETTIN BAY)

FIC received 3% of the FOB price to producer. In addition it seems clear on the whole of shipment 2:-

- (a) Tri Une Produce Brokers of Bombay received USD2.00 per m³ deducted from the letter of Credit; and
- (b) Pars Ram Bros of Brisbane received USD 8.00 per m³; and
- (c) Another agent may have received commission as well. (Appendix 36.3)

3. (WOODLARK)

FIC received USD 0.50 per m^{to} and S.J.Park USD1.00 per m^{to} (UNDISCLOSED) for an aggregate USD1.50 per m^{to}. (Appendix 37).

4.A (TONOLEI)

The producer received K72,101.18 and FIC K1,849.32. Of the total FIC received 2.5%. There were no other agents. (Appendix 36.4)

4.B (KÚMUSI)

The producer received K55,174.96 and FIC K823.77. Of the total FIC received 1.47%. (Appendix 36.4)

5. (WAWO'I GUAVI)

FIC received USDO.50 per m³ and S J Park USD1.00 per m³ (UNDISCLOSED) for an aggregate USD1.50 per m³. FIC also deducted USD1,000.00 from freight payable on account of despatch but has not finalised such claim with either the shipper or shipowner.

Further FIC knew the producer was obliged to pay 6% of the disclosed FOB price to its contracted marketer making a total of 6% of disclosed FOB plus USD1.50 per m³ (Appendix 38)

6A) (WAWOI GUAVI)

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FIC received 3% of the FOB price disclosed and paid to the producer. In addition FIC paid (UNDISCLOSED) S.J Park USD 1.00 per m³ and was entitled to a further (UNDISCLOSED) USD1.00 per m³ which Cowan misappropriated. Further FIC knew the producer was obliged to pay 6% of the disclosed FOB price to its contracted marketer. Total deductions were were thus 9% of disclosed FOB price plus an undisclosed USD2.00 per m³. (Appendix 39.1)

6B. (ANGUS)

FIC received 3.5% of the understated FOB price disclosed to the producer. By fraudulent false accounting FIC received an additional USD2.50 per m³ (payable to the producer on a true accounting) which Cowan misappropriated. (Appendix 39.2)

7A. (ULABO)

7B. (B.F.E)

What occurred cannot be explained from FIC's records. On the face of things FIC planned USDO.50 per m³² (DISCLOSED) commission plus USD1.00 per m³² (UNDISCLOSED) for S J Park plus USD 0.50 per m³² (UNDISCLOSED) freight differential. In the result

on 7A the producer received K226,835.18 and FIC K3,955.08. FIC thus received 1.71% of the total. In the result on 7B the producers received K369,635.68 and FIC K4617.05. FIC thus received 1.15% of the total. In addition on 7A Park received USD2431.66 and FIC was entitled to an additional USD 4040.24 which Cowan misappropriated. (Appendix 40)

8. (OPEN BAY)

FIC received 3% of the FOB price paid to producer. In addition FIC paid S.J Park USD 1.00 per m^o (UNDISCLOSED). (Appendix 41)

9. (WAWDI GUAVI)

No commission was charged or paid at all. (Appendix 42)

10A. (BISMARK)

10B. (LEYTRAC)

These two parts were sold together as a parcel at an average price and thus the apparent massive profit and large loss respectively. On 10A FIC received 3% of the FOB price paid to producer and in addition paid S.J Park USD 1.00 per m[®] (UNDISCLOSED). (Appendix 43)

Om 10B FIC recieved USD 2.00 per m³ and paid S.J Park USD 1.00 per m³ (UNDISCLOSED).

11A. (AMAZON BAY) 11C }

FIC had an agreement to receive 3% of the FOB price paid to the producer but neglected to deduct it. It paid S.J Park an (UNDISCLOSED) USD1.00 per m^o. (Appendix 44)

11B. (ANGUS)

FIC received 3.5% of the FOB price paid to producer. In addition it made a further (UNDISCLOSED) USD1.00 per m³. The total FIC percentage was 4.06%. (Appendix 44)

12A. (LAKI)

The original 3% contract was amended and FIC charged and was paid no commission at all. (Appendix 45.1)

12B.) (SANTA) 12C)

Again full explanation cannot be gleaned from FIC files and returns depend on whether the true freight rate was USD17 or USD17.50 per m³ FIC received 3% of the FOB price paid to the producer. In addition FIC received USD 1.00 per m³; S.J Park was paid USD1.00 per m³; USD 1.00 per m³ was used to pay off Francis Sias loan and either USD1.00 or USD 0.50 per m³ was paid as an addition on account of freight. The total deduction was 3% of FOB to producer plus either USD3.50 or USD 4.00 per m³. (Appendix 45.2)

12D.) (SANTA)

FIC received 3% of the FOB price paid to producer. (Appendix 45.2)

12F) (STETTIN BAY)

FIC received 3% of the FOB price paid to producer.

In addition on 12D Park was paid USD1.00 per m³ (UNDISCLOSED). FIC also received on 12F a sum of K6460.30 against which it has to meet a defect claim of USD8,583.75. (Appendix 45.3)

13 (WAWOI GUAVI)

FIC received 50 toea per m³ (DISCLOSED). It probably received a further USDO.50 per m³ freight margin which has to be confirmed. (Appendix 42.2)

14. (ANGUS)

FIC received 3.5% of the FOB price paid to the producer. (Appendix 46)

15. (WAWDI GUAVI)

FIC received USD 0.50/mm. (Appendix 42.3)

FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDING 30TH JUNE, 1987

CONTENTS

1.	MANAGEMENT	LETTER

- 2. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (APPENDIX 1)
- 3. 1987 BUDGET (APPENDIX 2)
- 4. LOG SALES OF WHICH MONIES WERE WITHHELD BY B.S.P. (APPENDIX 3)

Nita Street

Papua New Guiriea

PO box 3714, Boroko
Parus New Guines

a member firm of Coopers & Lygrand (International)

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elephone 25 8644 elex: NE 22126 tables TLXNE 22126 Port Moresby

our reference

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27th August, 1987

Mr. Imari Trawa.
Acting Executive Director,
Forest Industries Council,
P.O. Box 1829,
PORT MORESBY

Dear Sir,

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1987

- We refer to your letter of 15th June, 1987 and to our letter of 26th June, 1987 in respect of our appointment to prepare financial statements for the Forest Industries Council for the six month period ended 30th June, 1987.
- Enclosed herewith as Appendix 1 are the financial statements for the six month period ended 30th June, 1987.
- 3. We have prepared the enclosed Financial Statements from the books and records of the Forest Industries Council and information provided by officers of the Council. Under the terms of our engagement we have not audited the accounting records of the Forest Industries Council or the accompanying Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no opinion on whether they present a true and fair view of the position or of the period's trading and no warranty of accuracy or reliability is given.
- 4. The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the following assumptions:-
 - (a) Expenses during the six month period ended 30th June, 1987 were analysed by Kennedy Ako (Accountant FIC) and were correctly split into FIC normal operation and State Marketing Activity.
 - (b) In the absence of sufficient records to identify expenses paid for the State Marketing Activity, dertain expenses were split between FIC normal operations and SMA using the following ratios provided in the 1987 budget:



•	F.F.C.	S.M.A.
Electricity	70%	30%
Postage	70%	30%
Printing & Stationary	70%	30%
Telephone	30%	70%
Telex	30%	70%
Wages & Salaries	72%	28%
Bank Charges	30%	70%

- (c) Enclosed herewith as Appendix 2 is a copy of the 1987 budget obtained from the files of the Forest Industries Council.
- 5. During the course of our work in the preparation of the above Financial Statements we noted the following matters for your attention:-
 - (a) Accounts, Books and Records
 - (i) Expenses for SMA and FIC were not identified on cheque vouchers, we have therefore relied upon explanations provided by Kennedy Ako, and the above ratios where applicable. We would presume that a percentage of the costs included in the Income and Expenditure Statement of FIC under 'conference, research and development costs, miscellaneous' relates to the SMA but no apportionment was possible because all vouchers were coded to FIC normal operations.
 - (ii) It appears that the level of accounting knowledge of FIC staff is inadequate to produce the reliable mangement information you require. Kennedy Ako is the only person with any knowledge of the accounting system; i.e. bookkeeping, payroll, creditors and debtors. Due to this shortage of staff, the cash book

Due to this shortage of staff, the cash book for the six month period ended 30th June, 1987 was not completed until 27th July, 1987 and the accounting information given to us for the preparation of the financial statements was deficient.

The following accounting information requested by us was not available resulting in a delay in preparing the financial statements.

- Trial balance as at 30th June, 1987.
- Schedule of travel advances at 30th June, 1987.
- Accrued salaries payable at 30th June, 1987.
- Accrued leave and annual leave fares payable at 30th June, 1987.
- Provision for gratuity payments at 30th June, 1987.
- Depreciation schedules for the six month period ended 30th June, 1987.
- Sundry debtors schedule at 30th June, 1987.
- Levies receivable sumary at 30th June, 1987.
- Accrued expenses schedule at 30th June, 1987.
- Summary of commissions received/ receivable at 30th June, 1987 which is reconciled with the cash receipts and cash payment book.
- (iii) Monthly profit and loss accounts with comparatives to budget and with variances, which we understand were meant to be prepared were not available for the months of January to June, 1987.
- (iv) Log production report for the month of June 1987 of levy paying companies were not received from Department of Forest in time for the preparation of June financial statements. Levy receivable for the month of June was calculated based on average receivable for the five month period to May 1987.
- (v) It appears that the levies receivable book does not show the invoice reference that was raised to levy paying companies. Furthermore there is no control card or schedule to reconcile the receivable book with the invoices raised by Forest Industries Council and with the cash received by FIC.
- (vi) It appears that the FIC computer is not being utilised for accounting purposes. We would be pleased to assist you in this matter.
- (vii) It appears also that there is a lack of internal control, as only one staff member is involved in the accounting operations of FIC.

(b) Log Sales

Further to our letter dated 6th August, 1987 enclosed as Appendix 3 is a schedule or log sales for which monies were withheld in US dollars by the Bank of South Pacific as per instructions.

- The balance of the US dollar account at 6th April, (c) 1987 of US\$11,863,02 (K10,711.53) was transferred to FIC's cheque account with the Bank of South Pacific, Waigani. In the absence of details of the movement of the US dollar account, the amount transferred of K10,711.53 was taken up in the profit and loss account as commission received.
- It appears that FIC continued to act in a trustee position on behalf of a company called Angus Limited whereby FIC would receive money on behalf of Angus (d) and pay expenses for them when requested.
- Because such matters raised above are not within our present scope of engagement, we cannot comment on the apparent 6. irregularities, but strongly suggest such matters are investigated at your earliest convenience.
- There are several other areas in which we have found apparent irregularities, and we would be happy to discuss 7. these with you. The areas that should be looked at are as follows:-
 - Contracts of employment. (a)
 - Salary and wages/termination payments. (b)
 - Expenses not relating to FIC operations. (c)
 - FIC's role as manager/trustee. (d)
 - Operations of offshore US dollar accounts. (e)
 - Recording of log sales on a shipment by shipment (f) basis.
- We strongly recommend that you undertake a complete review of your accounting and reporting systems and suggest a 8. detailed audit of transactions and year end balances.
- With our experience in the logging industry, we would be prepared to undertake the following work on a consultancy 9. basis:-
 - Review of accounting system. (a)
 - Audit. (b)
 - Review of current computer system. (c)
 - Set up a system of management reporting. (d)
- 10. Should you wish to discuss the contents of this letter in further detail, please do not hesitate to contact this office.

Yours faithfully,

Cresez .. Lake and

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 30TH JUNE, 1987

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Page	
1	Declaration by Management
2	Accountants' Statement
3 -	Balance Sheet
4-7	Notes to the Financial Statements
8	Detailed Profit and Loss Statement
9	Trading Statement Forest Industries Council
10	Trading Statement State Marketing Agency

DECLARATION BY MANAGEMENT

In our opinion the accompanying Statement of Income and Expenditure and Balance Sheet and Notes to and forming part of
the Financial Statements of the Forest Industries Council Of
Papua New Guinea have been drawn up from the accounts and records
of the Council and are in agreement herewith.

	Executive Director
Chairman	EXECUCIVE DITECTOR

ACCOUNTANTS' STATEMENT

The accompanying accounts have been prepared by us from records, information and instructions furnished to us by the abovenamed client. As our instructions did not include an audit we have not audited the accounts and we as accountants' responsible for the preparation of the accounts do not express any opinion as to whether they present a true and fair view of the position and of the operating results for the period, and neither we nor any of our employees accept any responsibility for the accuracy of the material from which the accounts have been prepared. Further, the accounts have been prepared at the request of and for the purpose of the abovementioned client only and neither we nor any of our employees accept any responsibility on any ground whatsoever to any other party.

COOPERS & LYBRAND

Signed at

this

day of

1987.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30TH JUNE, 1987

	NOTES	30.6.87 K	31. 12.86 K
Forest Industries Council fund	2	493,813	465,229 =====
Represented by:			
CURRENT ASSETS Cash on hand and at Bank Interest Bearing Deposit Receivable Security Deposit Sundry Debtors & Prepayments	3	22,158 87,346 118,429 1,213 30,917 260,063	307,262 70,883 102,900 1,213 11,601 493,859
LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES Monies held in trust Trade Creditors and Accruals	5	- 98,419 	269,063 99,610
NET CURRENT ASSETS FIXED ASSETS	4	98,419 161,644 332,169 	368,673 125,186 340,043
NET ASSETS		493,813 ======	465,229 ======

The above statement is to be read in conjunction with the notes hereto.

These accounts are unaudited - refer Accountants' Statement.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH JUNE. 1987

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Set out hereunder are the significant accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of its financial statements for the period ended 30th June, 1987. Unless otherwise stated, such accounting policies were also adopted in the preceding year.

- (a) <u>Historical Cost Convention</u>
 The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and have not been adjusted to take account of the current costs of specific assets or their impact on the operating results, or changes in the general purchasing power of the kina. Except to the extent of a revaluation of leasehold land and buildings.
- (b) <u>Depreciation</u>
 Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net costs of the various classes of fixed assets during their effective working lives. Additions are depreciated from the date of purchase in the year of acquisition.

The principal annual rates in use are:-

Staff House and Improvements	5%
Motor vehicles	20%
Office & House Equipment	20%
Office Furniture & House Furniture	12 1/2%
Office Building	5%

- (c) Income Tax
 Income of the Forest Industries Council is exempt
 from Income Tax under Section 23(c) of the Income
 Tax Act.
- (d) State Marketing Activity
 The State Marketing Activity commenced operation on
 1 October, 1986 and ceased operation on 30th April,
 1987.
- Monies Held in US Dollars
 The balance at 31 December, 1986 and the movements
 of this account during the period were not reported
 in the financial statements. The balance of this
 account at 6 April, 1987 was transferred to the
 cheque account. Refer Note 2.

These financial statements are unaudited - see page 3.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1987

2. Council Fund

4.	Coun	CII Fund		
			30.6.87 K	31.12.86 K
		st Industries Council Fund ating Profit/(Loss)	465,229 28,584	592,169 (126,940)
			493,813	465,229 ======
3.	Rece	ivable		
	Inte:	rest Receivable ission Receivable	1,576	1,337 17,396
		es Receivable	147,384	114,698
	Toss	Provision for doubtful	148,960	133,431
		ebts	30,531	30,531
			118,429 ======	102,900
4.	(a)	Fixed Assets are included in the accounts on the following basis:		
			30.6.87 K	31.12.86 K
		Office Building - Cost Less Accumulated Depreciation	277,280 38,222	277,280 31,290
ı			239,058	245,990
		Staff Housing - Cost Less Accumulated Depreciation	67,755 23,719	67,755 22,025
			44,036	45,730
		Motor Vehicle - Cost Less Accumulated Depreciation	16,888 5,149	24,092 10,663
		·	11,739	13,429 =====

FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1987 (CON'T)

	31.6.87 K	31.12.86 K
Office Equipment - Cost Less Accumulated Depreciation	48,449 24,733	40,918 21,094
•	23,716	19,824
	23,710	17,024
Office Furniture & Fittings Less Accumulated Depreciation	16,859 7,037	16,859 6,144
	9,822	10,715
House Equipment - Cost Less Accumulated Depreciation	4,919 4,516	4,919 4,272
	403	647
House Furniture & Fittings Less Accumulated Depreciation	7,948 4,553	7,948 4,240
	3,395 ====	3,708 =====
Total - Cost Less Accumulated Depreciation	440,098 107,929	439,771 99,728
,	332,169 ======	340,043

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1987 (CON'T)

5. Monies Held in Trust - Angus Pty. Limited

An amount of K191,277.73 was deposited into interest bearing deposit resulting to an interest income of K4,149.79. This interest income was taken up in the profit and loss account as interest income of Forest Industries Council. An amount equivalent to US\$200,000 was paid to Sanko Co. Limited - Tokyo, Japan on 22nd April, 1987. This resulted to a gain from foreign exchange of K9,045.38 which was disclosed in the profit and loss account as other income.

6. Other Income

Interest income from interest bearing deposit Foreign exchange gains Other income	9,010 9,045 2,064
	K20,119

7. Monies Held in US Dollars

The balance of the US dollars account on 6th April, 1987 was transferred to Forest Industries Council cheque account with Bank of South Pacific, Waigani. The balance transferred was K10,715.53 and this was disclosed in the profit and loss account as commission received.

DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1987

	Notes	30.6.87 K	31.12.86 K
REVENUE Forest Industries Council State Marketing Activity Other Income Received	5 & 6	46,377 7,635 20,119	(93,860) 28,694 14,246
TOTAL INCOME		74,131	(50,920)
LESS Audit and Accountancy fees Advertising Accommodation Bad debts Consultant fees Depreciation General expenses Insurance Motor vehicle expenses Medical expenses Profit/loss on disposal Rent & rates Repairs & maintenance Subscriptions & publications- Superannuation		9,021 37 340 - 4,355 15,405 2,101 4,834 - 1,093 (1,199) 7,138 1,335 1,742 988 	3,000 - 3,488 5,946 28,223 6,409 4,475 - 162 - 10,240 10,460 - 2,333
OVERHEAD EXPENSES		45,547	76,478
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) Prior Your Adjustments		28,584	(127,398) 458
Operating Profit(Loss) After Extraordinary Items		K28,584	(K126,940)

The above statement is to be read in conjunction with the actes hereto.

FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1987

		30.6.87 K	31.12.86 K
Levies Received Levies Receivable		159,249 32,685	221,305 114,698
TOTAL INCOME		191,934	336,003
LESS			
Advertising	86 -		612
Accommodation	4,411		26,164
Bank charges	154		958
Electricity	2,311		.6,507
Entertainment	1,656		18,280
Freight	451		-
Log costs & samples	506		45
Conference, research/			
dev. travel	12,405		44,245
Meetings	11,288		19,234
Motor vehicle expenses	3,594		10,494
Postage	367		1,375
Printing & stationery	4,382	•	6,087
Salaries, wages &	•		
recruitment	55,680		174,744
Other staff housing	•		,
expenses	6,915		1,474
Annual leave & leave	•		
fares	12,977		42,798
Telephone & telex	7,213		25,898
Timber training	· —	•	4,126
Travelling expenses	21,161		46,822
		145,557	429,863
		46,377	(93,860)
,		======	=====

STATE MARKETING AGENCY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1987

		30.6.87 K	31.12.86 K
Commission Received (Note Commission Receivable	7)	68,534	48,331 17,396
TOTAL INCOME		68,534	65,727
LESS			
Advertising	1,375		
Accommodation	2,249		385
Bank charges	4,204		645
Conference, research/dev.			
travel	-		536
Electricity	783		606
Entertainment	2,685		1,353
Freight	8,127		_
Meetings	3,917		144
Car expenses	247		95
Postages	135		111
Printing & stationery Salaries, wages &	1,017		1,021
recruitment	17,961		15,541
Annual leave & leave			
fares	(2,479)		2,277
Telephone & telex	16,830		10,443
Travelling expenses	3,848		3;876
DIRECT EXPENSES		60,899	37,033
		7,635	28,694
		=====	======

FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA CONSOLIDATED BUDGETTED CASH FLOW (QUARTERLY) FOR 1987

	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	SEPT	DEC	NOTES
OPENING BALANCE/(DEFICIT)	38,199	38,199	(4,390)	(2,996)	11,783	,
CASH INFLOW						Sahadula
Levies	322,324	88,523	68,929	76,501	88,371	Schedule A
Commission	163,196	53,846	36,450	36,450	36,450	.1
Rental	15,433	2,806	4,209	4 ¹ ,209	4,209	2
(* nterest	5,400	-	2,700	-	2,700	3.
Sundry debtors - 1986	9,836	9,836				
	516,189	155,011	112,288	117,160	131,730	,
YTAL CASH INFLOW	554,388	193,210	107,898	114,164	143,513	
•						
CASH OUTFLOW		•				
Promotion & Marketing		;				
Conference, Promotion & Market	ing:	}				
. Overseas	80,000	18,000	29,000	17,500	15,500	4
. Local	26,600	6,650	6,650	6,650	6,650	5
ntertainment	9,000	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250	6
Exhibitions	14,100		-	8,000	6,100	7
Sponsorship	10,000	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	
	139,700	29,400	40,400	36,900	33,000	
Management & Staff						
Council Meeting expenses	17,400	5,800	-	5,800	5,800	3
Wages & Staff benefits	196,226	45,500	44,813	36,500	69,413	9
House rental & expenses	10,200	2,550	2,550	2,550	2,550	
Recruitment & staff training	5,000	-	2,500	-	2,500	
	228.326	53,350	49,363	44,350	80,263	

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		•			~	
•	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	SEPT	DEC	NOTES
General & Administration						
Telephone & Telex	42,000	10,500	10,500	10,500	10,500	10
Electricity & Water	8,400	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100	10
Printing & Stationery	6,000	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	io
Bank Charges	2,400	600	600	600	600	10
Postage	1,800	450	450	450	450	10
Insurance	4,500	4,500	-	-	-	
Accountancy & Audit fees	3,500	_	- ,	-	3,500	
rofessional fees	3,000	750	750	750	750	
Repairs & M'ce - Off/Eqpt	3,600	900	900	900	900	
Vehicle running expenses	4,800	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	
Publications & Subscriptions	1,800	450	450	450	450	
General office expenses	3,600	900	900	900	900	
•	85,400	23,850	19,350	19,350	22,850	
Accruals - 1986	86,000	86,000	-	-	-	
Capital Expenditure						
Computer	4,500	4,500	-	-	- ,	
Photocopier	2,160	-	720	720	720	11
word Processor	1,683	-	561	561	561	11
Motor Vehicle	1,920	-	-	-	1,920	11
	10,263	4,500	1,281	1,281	3,201	·
TOTAL CASH OUTFLOW	550,189	197,600	110,894	102,381	139,314	
CLOSING BALANCE/(DEFICIT)	4,199	(4,390)	(2,996)	11,733	4,199	

CONSOLIDATED BUDGETTED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE STATEMENT (QUARTERLY) FOR 1987

	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	SEPT	DEC	NOTES
INCOME				-		
Levies	333,250	72,025	80,625	. 93,525	87,075	Schedu A
Commission	145,800	36,450	36,450	36,450	36,450	1
Rental	15,433	2,806	4,209	4,209	4,209	2
Interest	5,400	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	. 3
	499,883	112,631	122,634	135,534	129,084	
EXPENDITURE						
Promotion & Marketing						
Conferences, Promotion & Market						
. Overseas	80,000	18,000	29,000	17,500	15,500	4-
. Local	26,600	6,650	6,650	6,650	6,650	5
Entertainment	9,000	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250	6
Exhibitions	14,100	-	-	8,000	6,100	7
Sponsorship	10,000	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	
	139,700	29,400	40,400	36,900	33,000	
Management & Staff						
Council Meeting expenses	17,400	5,800	-	5,800	5,800	8
Wages & Staff benefits	196,226	45,500	44,313	36,500	69,413	9
House rental & expenses	10,200	2,550	2,550	2,550	2,550	
Recruitment & staff training	5,000	-	2,500	_	2,500	
	228,326	53,850	49,863	44,850	80,263	

	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	SEPT	DEC	NOTE
General & Administration						
Telephone & Telex	42,000	10,500	10,500	10,500	10,500	10
Electricity & Water	8,400	2,100	2,100	2,100	2,100	10
Printing & Stationery	6,000	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	10
Bank Charges	2,400	600	600	600	600	10
Postage	1,800	450	450	450	450	10
Insurance	4,500	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125	10
Accountancy & Audit fees	3,500	875	875	875	875	
Professional fees	3,000	750	750	750	750	
Repairs & M'ce - Off/Eqpt	3,600	900	900	900	900	
Vehicle running expenses	4,800	1,200	1,200	_	1,200	
•	•	•	•	1,200	•	
Publications & subscriptions	1,800	450	450	450	450	
Lease rental	5,763	_	1,281	1,281	3,201	11
General Office expenses	3,600	900	900	900	900	
Doubtful debts	4,200	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	
Depreciation	27,600	6,900	6,900	6,900	6,900	
	122,963	29,300	30,581	30,581	32,501	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	491,489	112,550	120,844	112,331	145,764	
ICESS/(DEFICIT) OF INCOME OVER EXPENDITURE	8,394	81	1,790	23,203	16,680)	

FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA EXCLUDE STATE MARKETING AGENCY .

BUDGETTED CASH FLOW (QUARTERLY) FOR 1987

	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	SEPT	DEC	NOTES
OPENING BALANCE/(DEFICIT)	38,199	38,199	(20,282)	(72)	6,711	
CASH INFLOW					•	
Levies	322,324	88,523	68,929	76,501	88,371	Schedul A
Rental	15,433	2,806	4,209	4,209	4,209	2
Interest	5,400	<i>-</i>	2,700	_	2,700	3
Sundry Debtors - 1986	9,836	9,836	,		•	•
	352,993	101,165	75,838	80,710	95,280	
TOTAL CASH INFLOW	391,192	139,36 ^{fi}	55,556	80,638	101,991	
CASH OUTFLOW						
Promotion & Marketing		-				
Conferences, Promotion						
. Overseas	19,500	7,000	-	7,000	5,500	ħ
Entertainment	4,500	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125	. 6
Exhibitions	14,100	_	-	8,000	6,100	7
Sponsorship	10,000	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	
	48,100	10,625	3,625	18,625	15,225	
. Management & Challe		,				
Management & Staff					-	
Council Meeting expenses	17,400	5,300	-	5,800	5,800	8
.ages & Staff benefits	141,226	35,306	35,307	35,306	35,307	9
House rental & expenses	10,200	2,550	2,550	2,550	2,550	
Recruitment & staff training	5,000	-	2,500	-	2,500	
	173,826	43,556	40,357	43,656	46,157	

				633		
	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	SEPT	DEC	NO
General & Administration						
Telephone & Telex	12,600	3,150	3,150	3,150	3,150	
Electricity & Water	5,880	1,470	1,470	1,470	1,470	
Printing & Stationery	4,200	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	
Bank Charges	720	180	180	180	180	
Postage	1,260	315	315	315	315	
Insurance	4,500	4,500	-	-	-	
Accountancy & Audit fees	3,500	-	-	_	3,500	
Professional fees	3,000	750	750	750	750	
Repairs & M'ce - Off/Eqpt	3,600	900	900	900	900	
Vehicle running expenses	4,800	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	
Publications & Subscriptions	1,800	450	450	450	450	
General office expenses	3,600	900	900	900	900	
	49,460	14,865	10,365	10,365	13,865	
Accruals - 1986	86,000	86,000	-	_	_	
Capital Expenditure						
Computer	4,500	4,500	- ,		•	
Photocopier	2,160	-	720	720	720	1
Word Processor	1,683	, =	561	561	561	1
Motor Vehicle	1,920	-	-	-	1,920	1
	10,263	4,500	1,281	1,281	3,201	
TOTAL CASH OUTFLOW	367,649	159,646	55,628	73,927	78,448	
CLOSING BALANCE/(DEFICIT)	23,543	(20,282)	(72)	6,711	23,543	

FOREST INCUSTRIES COUNCIL OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA EXCLUDE STATE MARKETING AGENCY

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BUDGETTED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE STATEMENT (QUARTERLY) FOR 1987

THOOME	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	SEPT	DEC	NOTES
INCOME						
Levies	222 250	72 025	80 605	02 525	07 075	Schedul
Rental	333,250	72,025	80,625	93,525	87,075	A
	15,433	2,806	4,209	4,209	4,209	2
Interest	5,400	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	3
	354,083	76,181	86,184	99,084	92,634	
EXPENDITURE						
Promotion & Expenses						
Conferences & Promotion						
. Overseas	19,500	7,000		7,000	5,500	4
Entertainment	4,500	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125	6
Exhibitions	14,100	_	-	- 8,000	6,100	7
Sponsorship	10,000	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	
	48,100	10,625	3,625	18,625	15,225	
'anagement & Staff						
Council Meeting expenses	17,400	5,800		5,800	5,800	8
Wages & Staff benefits	141,226	35,306	35,307	35,306	35,307	9
ouse rental & expenses	10,200	2,550	2,550	2,550	2,550	
Recruitment & staff training	5,000		2,500	-	2,500	
	173,826	43,656	40,357	43,656	46,157	

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			•			
	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	<u> Seft</u>	DEC	NC
General & Administration			**			
Telephone & Telex	12,600	3,150	3,150	3,150	3,150	:
Electricity & Water	5,880	1,470	1,470	1,470	1,470	
Printing & Stationery	4,200	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	:
Insurance -	4,500	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125	
Accountancy & Audit fees	3,500	875	875	875	875	
Professional fees	3,000	750	750	750	750	
Repairs & MTce - Off/Eqpt	3,600	900	900	900	900	
Bank Charges	720	180	180	180	180	
Postage	1,260	315	315	315	315	
Vehicle running expenses	4,800	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	
Publications & subscriptions	1,800	450	450	450	450	
Lease rental	5,763	***	1,281	1,281	3,201	
General Office expenses	3,600	900	900	900	900	
Doubtful debts	4,200	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	
Depreciation	27,600	6,900	6,900	6,900	6,900	
	87,023	20,315	21,596	21,596	23,516	
	200 040	711 506	65,578	83,877	84,898	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	308,949	74,596	07,710	05,01,	0.,000	
EXCESS/(DEFICIT) OF INCOME		. 20=		15 005	7 726	
OVER EXPENDITURE	45,134	1,585	20,606	15,207	7,736	

STATE MARKETING AGENCY

A) BUDGETTED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE STATEMENT (QUARTERLY) FOR I

INCOME	TOTAL	MARCH	JUNE	SEPT	DEC	NOTES	
Commission	145,800	36,450	36,450	36,450	36,450	1	
EXPENDITURE			•			4	
Promotion & Marketing							
Promotion & Marketing							
. Overseas	60,500	11,000	29,000	10,500	10,000	4	
. Local	26,600	6,650	6,650	6,650	6,650	5	
Entertainment	4,500	1,125	1,125	1,125	1,125	6	
	91,600	18,775	36,775	18,275	17,775		
Management & Staff				,			
Wages & staff benefits	55,000	13,750	13,750	13,750	13,750	9	
Administration							
Telephone & Telex	29,400	7,350	7,350	7,350	7,350	10	
Electricity & Water	2,520	630	630	630	630	10	
Printing & Stationery	1,800	450	450	450	450	10	
Bank Charges	1,680	420	420	420	420	10	
Postage	540	135	135	135	135	10	
	35,940	8,985	8,985	8,985	8,985		
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	182,540	41,510	59,510	41,010	40,510		
EXCESS/(DEFICIT) OF INCOME OVER EXPENDITURE	(36,740)	(5,060)	(23,060)	(4,560)	(4,060)		
B) <u>EUDGETTED CASH FLOW (QUARTERLY)</u> FOR 1987							
OPENING BALANCE/(DEFICIT)	0	()	12,336	(10,724)	(15,284)		
CASH INFLOW - COMMISSION	163,196	53,240	217	33,450	30,450		
TOTAL CASH INFLOW	163,196	53,846	48,786	25,726	21,166		
CASH CUTFLOW - EXPENDITURE	182,540	41,510	59,510	41,010	40.510		
CLOSING BALANCE//DEFICITY	(10,344)	12,336	10,704	154.284	19,322		

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BUDGETTED BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 1987

FIXED ASSETS @ B.V.		K316,943
CURRENT ASSETS		
Receivable	к90,893	
Interest Bearing Deposit	60,000	
Security deposit	1,212	
Cash at bank and in hand	4,199	
		156,304
NET ASSETS		473,247
	-	**************************************
FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL FU	ND	·
Balance 1 January 1987		464,853
Add: Excess of income over for the year	expenditure	8,394
		473,247

BUDGETTED LEVIES RECEIVABLE FOR 1987

Month	Quantity (m3)	<u>Value (K)</u>
January	115,000	24,725
February	105,000	22,575
March	115,000	24,725
April	115,000	24,725 ⁻
May	125,000	26,875
June	135,000	29,025
July	140,000	30,100
August	145,000	31,175
September	150,000	32,250
October	140,000	30_,100
November	135,000	29,025
December	130,000	27,950
	1,550,000	333,250

NOTES

- 1. Collection based on ratio of 10:70:15 to be collected 2:3:4 months after production respectively. 5% budgetted for doubtful debts.
- 2. Levies outstanding less doubtful debt as at end 1986 is K96,000 breakdown as follows:

Dec - K28,000. Nov - K27,000. Oct - K14,000. Sept & other tonths -K26,000.

NOTES TO BUDGET

General

All expenditure assumed to be paid in the month incurred.

- 1. Estimate to sell 120,000m3 of logs at average FOB price US\$65p/m3, from which producer is to pay 2% as commission. Payment is by Letter of Credit and commission assumed to be paid in month of sales. Exchange rate K1.00 = US\$1.07. March cash inflow includes K17,396 paid in January for December 1986 sales.
- 2. House at Le Hunte Road rented out at K350 per week commencing 1st February. Commission to housing agent at 7.5%.
- 3. Current IBD of K60,000 with interest rate of 9% per annum.
- 4. Represent propose overseas trips (inclusive airfare, hotel, entertainment & out-of-pocket expenses) as follows:

By SMA

Korea/Japan	2 trips x 2 persons at K5,000 per	trip/person
Taiwan	1 trip x 2 persons at K2,750	11
India	1 trip x 2 persons at K5,500	11
Australia	1 trip x 2 persons at K2,500	11
Europe	1 trip x 4 persons at K4,750	Ħ

By FIC

Sealpa	2 trips x 2 persons at K3,500 per	trip/person
Sarawak	1 trip x 2 persons at K2,750	Ħ

- 5. Represent 28 local trips of average 6 days duration per trip to oversee loading at Average K350 for airfare and K100 per day for hotel and out of pocket expenses.
- 6. Entertainment expenses K9,000 shared equally between FIC and SMA.
- 7. Represent propose exhibitions (inclusive airfare, hotel, entertainment & out-of-pocket expenses) as follows:

```
Europe - 2 persons 3 K4,000 per person.
Asia - 2 persons 3 K3,050 per person.
```

8. Estimated cost for 3 council meeting per year of 3 days duration permeeting for 10 members, or which 5 are from outside of Moresty.

```
Airfare (5 x 3 x K350) = K5,250

Hotel & Car Hire (5 x 3 x 3 x K170) = K7,650

Allowances (10 x 3 x 3 x K50) = 3000
```

9. Includes education allowance (K9,000) leave fare (K19,000) & gratuity (K16,625) and bonus (K5,600).

Total expenditure K196,226 of which K55,000 charged to SMA and balance K141,226 to FIC.

Expenses to be shared between FIC & SMA in following ratio.

Telephone & Telex	K42,000	FIC K12,600 (0.3)	SMA K29,400 (0.7)
Electricity & Water	K 8,400	FIC K 5,880 (0.7)	SMA K 2,520 (0.3)
Printing & Stationery	к 6,000	FIC K 4,200 (0.7)	SMA K 1,800 (0.3)
Bank Charges	K 2,400	FIC K 720 (0.3)	SMA K 1,680 (0.3).7
Postage	к 1,800	FIC K 1,260 (0.7)	SMA K 540 (0.3)

Capital goods to be lease over 24 months @ estimate interest 14% p.a. with principal cost as follows:

Photocopier	K, 4,500
Word Processor	к 3,500
Motor Vehicle (less trade-in)	K12,000

LO.

11.

LOG SALES OF WHICH MONIES WERE WITHHELD BY B.S.P. AS PER INSTRUCTIONS OF F.I.C.

Date/Bank Réf	L/C No.	Gross US\$	Monies Withheld US\$	Net US\$	Kina Taken Up as Sales
29/12/87 C\$B 2039/5381	M3222612NU 00018	312,222.61	59,556.90(1)	252,665.71	
5/1/87 CSB 8039/5384	M3218612NU 00018	634,668.32	125,916.15	508,752.17	484,249.16
13/1/87 cs š 8039/5385	M1621612NU 00040	368,457.14	5,582.68	362,874.46	344,904.91
9/2/87 CSB 8039/5397	M2027701NU 00057	387,572.99	78,569.77	309,003.22	291,127.96
9/2/87 CSB 4039/5398	M2701701NU 00057	397,291.10	90,946.14	306,344.96	288,623.47

Date/Bank Ref	L/C No.	Gross US\$	Monies Withheld US\$	Net US\$	Kina Taken Up as Sales
9/2/87 CSB 8039/5396	60F2/02330	58,944.27	6,934.62	52,009.65	49,000.98
9/2/87 CSB 8039/5395	60F2/02330	77,965.57	9,172.42	68,793.15	64,673.45
10/2/87 CSB 8039/5399	M0612701NU 00025	219,872.98	52,259.81	167,613.17	157,634.88
24/2/87 CSB 8039/5402	M6701702NU	214,851.81	54,360.10	160,491.71	150,994.17
24/2/87 CSB 8039/5409	M6701702NU- 00299	105,312.64	26,645.37	78,667.27	73,872.91
26/2/87 CSB 8039/540/	ษรธ876002	131,646.02	32,911.50	98,734.52	92,612.81

Date/Bank Ref	L/C No.	Gros s US\$	Monies Withheld US\$	Net US\$	Kina Taken Up as Sales
10/3/87 CSB 8039/5415	BSN876002	271,923.39	51,940.42	219,982.97	204,654.35
10/3/87 CSB 3039/5416	GJ9517410	718,001.48	133,203.89	584,797.59	544,048.36
.27/3/87 CSB 8039/5424	L/C00387027 4CC	237,027.70	67,429.73	169,597.97	155,096.45
		4,135,758.02	795,429.50	3,340,328.52	

^{1.} Het commission of K7,302.85 was recorded in 1986 accounts.

APPEDIX 51



RECVID 6 14 20 JUL 1988

AUDITOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE

TELEPHONE:

276200

FAX:

252872

TELEX:

NE23492

P.O. BOX 4039, BOROKO.

PAPUA NEW GUINEA.

The Chairman

Forest Industries Council

P O Box 1829 PORT MORESBY

National Capital District

Date: 18

18 July, 1988 30-21-4

Our Referende:

Action Officer:

Designation:

Your Reference:

Date:

Dear Sir,

1986 AUDIT OF THE FOREST INDUSTRIES COUNCIL

The audit of the accounts and records of the Forest Industries Council of Papua New Guinea for the year ended 31st December 1986 has been completed.

The Council's accounting system was fundamentally weak and ineffective in safeguarding the Council's assets and in providing the essential information needed by management for operating and financial control.

I am enclosing separately a Schedule of the Findings and Recommendations indicating the weaknesses noted during the audit and the recommended remedial actions. The procedural weaknesses, noted have already been discussed with the former Executive Director Mrs. N. Ronney, the Acting Accountant Mr. K. Ako of your Office and Mr. Saira of this Office on 20 April, 1988. The matters noted in the Schedule are for your comments and/or remedial action, as appropriate. Attached is a copy of the Financial Statements requiring your signature and that of the A/Executive Director.

REPORT TO THE MINISTER

As part of this letter may form the basis of a Report to the Minister under Section 63 of the Public Finances (Management) Act 1986, your reply strictly within 15 days will be appreciated so that your views may be incorporated in the Auditor-General's Report or the report amended as deemed appropriate.

GENERAL

Finally, this Office wishes to place a record of our appreciation to your staff for their co-operation and assistance given during the course of the audit.

Yours faithfully,

M.V. GENO, CBE Auditor-General

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A. WEAKNESSES IN INTERNAL CONTROLS AND PROCEDURAL LAPSES

B. RECEIPTS

1. LEVIES RECEIVED

The levies received for the year 1986 was K221,305 as against K208,505 in 1985 representing a small increase of K12,800 or 6%. Audit was unable to find a budget for this item. However, the collection process of levies is rather very slow in the areas of levy assessment by the Provincial Forest Officers (PFO). There is also time lag of about three months from the time the levy is assessed by the PFO and the remittance threreof to FIC.

In addition, the following weaknesses were revealed:-

- (a) Several receipts were missing from the receipt books and there were no acceptable explanations for the cancelled receipts.
 - It is recommended that all copies of receipts should be kept intact in the Receipt Books, and cancelled (original) receipts should also be retained therein.
- (b) Numerous original receipts were retained in the Receipt Books. These should have been sent to the payers as an acknowledgement of receipt of their money.
 - It is recommended that all original receipts should be sent to the payers.
- (c) In several instances, the Provincial Forest Officers (PFO) made erroreous assessments of the levies and incorrect completion of the levy assessment forms.

It is recommended that FIC, in collaboration with the Forest Department, ensure that the PFO have been given the proper training required to effectively perform their duties should FIC continue to require their assistance.

2. LEVIES RECEIVABLE

The Levies Receivable for the year 1986 was K114,698 as against K142,846 representing a decrease of K28,148. This slight improvement in the collection of outstanding receivables is encouraging, although the process is still slow and requires further improvement.

3. COMMISSIONS RECEIVED

Although commissions were being received from Log Sales only after the establishment of the State Marketing Agency (SMA), the following weaknesses were noted during the audit:

- (a) No fixed rates were established as the commission chargeable per cubic metre of log sales.
- (b) Commissions were determined solely by the Executive Director. In the absence of any established policy on charging commission, it was at his discretion and was, perhaps, lacking internal control.

It is recommended that a policy be established covering the rates and criteria for assessing commission charges.

C. PROMOTIONS AND SELLING EXPENSES

1. ENTERTAINMENT EXPENSES

(a) The entertainment expenses for 1986 was K19,633 as against K4,582 in 1985 representing an increase of K15,051 or 328% over that of 1985. The actual expenditure for 1986 also exceeded the budgeted expenditure of K5,000 by K14,633 or 293%.

There were significant increases in the number of individuals or groups, amongst them overseas log buyers, executives of logging companies, and government executives who were entertained during the year 1986 at the Council expense.

(b) There were overpayments or reimbursements of entertainment expenses to the then Executive Director totalling K840.89 above the K400 per month allowance provided for in his contract of employment, e.g.

Date	Cheque No.	Amount K	Per allow- ance	Excess K
16/07/86	029909	1,007.65	400.00	607.65
04/10/86	024668	607.65	400.00	207.65
31/12/86	036616	425.59	400.00	25.59
				840.89
	1			=====

Please ensure that this money is recovered, if possible.

In addition, the then Accountant was, in a period of four months, paid or re-imbursed K1,400.00 of entertainment allowance. This was neither stipulated in her contract of employment nor approved by the FIC Council. These payments were as follows:-

Date	Cheque No.	Amount K
06/05/86	017788	600.00
18/06/86	029873	400.00
29/08/86	029982	200.00
26/09/86	024631	200.00
20, 00, 00		1400.00
		======

Please ensure that this money is recovered from the then Accountant, who, it appears, is still in the country.

(c) The following functions or activities were held during the year, in which, an amount of K1,320.85 was paid but whose benefits do not relate to the operations of the Council:-

Date	Cheque	Paid	Amount
	No.	to	K
03/03/86 10/04/86 12/08/86 10/12/86 24/12/86	17670 17739 29900 24737 36608	Galley Restaurant Davara Hotel Kuban Lodge Forest R. Club Childrens' Gifts	247.50 146.55 111.80 500.00 315.00 1320.85

Please ensure that payments are made for activities officially recognised as FIC activities.

(d) There were no supporting documents in respect of the following payments:-

Date	Cheque	Paid	Amount
	No.	to	K
20/02/86	17644	Mr. G. E. Gresham P.T. Marco Polo Restaurant C. Gante Childrens Gifts Steamships Tr.Co	379.70
24/03/86	17702		100.00
12/05/86	29801		142.90
18/06/86	29873		400.00
27/12/86	36608		315.00
31/12/86	36616		425.59*
		•	

* About K202.16 received as change in cash was not accounted for.

Please ensure that supporting documents accompany all payments.

(e) The majority of purchase orders for entertainment were authorised independently by more than one person, an indication that no formal control of purchase transactions existed.

> Authorisation for all purchases should be centralized and in each case approved by the Executive Director or his delegate.

ACCOMMODATION EXPENSES

(a) The accommodation cost for the year 1986 was K26,549 as against K9,612 in 1985 representing an increase of K16,937 or 176% over that of 1985. The actual expenditure for the year 1986 also exceeded the budgeted expenditure of K10,000 for 1986 by K16,549 or 165%.

There were significant increases in local trips, may be because of the SMA activity, but the amount of liquor, private telephone charges, laundry etc, also increased and were changed to this account. This weaknesses was reported during 1985 audit as well.

It is recommended again that liquor, private telephone, laundry etc costs should be paid for by the person concerned.

(b) No proper explanation was obtained for the specific purpose of the trip to Rabaul from 18/08/86 to 21/08/86 by Mr. Cowan, the Executive Director and Mr. Maraleu resulting in expenditure of K1470.17 as per Voucher No. 4497 and Cheque No. 024658.

Please advise whether or not this trip was official, if not, whether the amount is recoverable.

4. TRAVELLING EXPENSES

The travelling cost for 1986 was K50,698 as against K31,774 in 1985 and records an increase of K18,924 or 60% over that of 1985. The actual expenditure for the year 1986 also exceeded the budgetted expenditure of K24,000 for 1986 by 111%.

There were trips to Taiwan, India, The Philippines, Korea, Singapore, New Zealand and Australia for conferences/ seminars, trade promotions which were attended by persons from the Council itself, the Government and Forest Industry private enterpreneurs. A number of these trips included four or more people in the itinerary at Council expense. In fact, the monetary benefits of these trips overseas could not be quantified in the FIC records.

Please advise whether reports have been submitted by persons attending these trips and the benefits accuring therefrom.

Audit was unable to obtain evidence of acquittals of money given to the following persons as travel advances during the year:-

Name	<u>Date</u> 1986	Voucher No	Cheque No	Amount	Total
M.P. Tay	07/04	4191	17732	3,200.00	5,174.59
M.P. Tay	26/11	4546	24711	1,974.59	
M. Maraleu	22/04	4224	17755	10,435.00	15,517.98
M. Maraleu	22/04	4225	17755	146.51	
M. Maraleu	26/11	4546	24711	4,936.47	
M. Cowan	30/05	3404	29840	100.00	
M. Cowan	18/06	4333	29872	2,892.40	
Mrs. Cowan	16/07	4368	29909	3,344.14	
M. Cowan	11/12	4505	24736	498.95	
M. Cowan	11/12	4568	24740	299.37	
M. Cowan O. Mamalai O. Mamalai	11/12 11/09 26/11	4567 4451 4546	24739 24608 24711	1,197.48 808.24 2,961.88	8,332.34 3,770.12
I. Trawa	06/10	4476	24635	100.00	300.00
I. Trawa	20/10	4498	24659	100.00	
I. Trawa	04/11	4516	24675	100.00	
A. Aopo	30/10	4 515	24674	200.00	460.00
A. Aopo	29/12	4 586	36609	260.00	K33,555.03

It is recommended that action be taken to ensure the money is appropriately acquitted or, recoveries are made from the individual concerned.

D. MANAGEMENT AND STAFF EXPENSES

1. CONFERENCES/MEETINGS

(a) An amount of K10,865.08 as per voucher No. 4154 and cheque No. 017701 of 21-03-86 was spent on testing of PNG lessor known timbers in the Netherlands at 26000 AD DELFT, with a view to obtain a reimbursement from them. Audit was unable to obtain evidence of reimbursement.

It is recommended that follow-up be made to recover the money.

(b) The following payments by FIC to the Chairman of the Council during 1986 were in excess of reasonable allowances payable in the conduct of FIC businesses. It would appear that purposes other than FIC business were catered for:

Date	Voucher No	No of Days	Amount Paid
11-02-86	4086	4	K200.00
03-03-86	4118	4	200.00
24-03-86	4158	3	150.00
21-05-86	4286	5	250.00
13-06-86	4320	6	300.00
29-06-86	4349	18	900.00
18-07-86	4373	2	100.00
12-08-86	4116	10 ·	500.00
21-08-86	4419	1	50.00
25-08-86	4423	3	150.00
04-09-86	4443	3	150.00
08-10-86	4480	4	200.00
12-11-86	4524	9	450.00
21-11-86	4535	1	50.00
10-12-86	4563	9	450.00
19-12-86	4582	-	540.00
		<u>82</u>	K4,640.00

(c) According to the Minutes of the Council, there were only three meetings during 1986 which lasted only one-day each (a total of 3 - days at K50 for the Chairman - K150.00). No Council approval was obtained by audit to show that the Chairman could individually transact Council business on its behalf. Audit was unable to obtain proper explanations over the payments in (b) above.

It is strongly recommended that the former Chairman should account for these payments or alternatively recoveries be made from him.

2. SALARIES, WAGES AND RECRUITMENT

(a) Employees Files

Audit check revealed that employees files are not maintained. Instead all records of employees were accumulated on an annual basis in one folder. It is recommended that each employee should have his/her own personal file.

Authorization for pay increases as a result of CPI adjustment were not established. In the absence of employee record cards, it is difficult to trace the history of individual pay rates.

The current procedures in the personnel administration are not satisfactory as to the above matters and steps should be taken to ensure that individual employees files are maintained and records are complete and up-to-date.

(b) Salaries and Conditions Monitoring Committee (SCMC) Approval.

It is a requirement under the Salaries and Conditions Monitoring Committee Act 1981 that all Public Authorities obtain SCMC approval for all variations of Salaries or Conditions of Service for its officers or employees. Audit checks revealed that SCMC approval was not obtained for the following changes:-

- (i) The contract of Mr. G. Gresham as Executive Director until 6 March 1986 when he resigned.
- (ii) The contract of Mr. M. Cowan of 6 March 1986 and the subsequent variation into a second contract which was in force till 9 February 1987.
- (iii) The contract of Employment of other contract officers: Messrs Standley Tay and Mrs. Gante, and the award of entitlements for expatriate employees such as long service leave backdated to January 1981.
- (iv) Contract conditions for Mr. Cowan for the Council to meet the costs of electricity, gas, water charges and house servant and such other related expenses.

While the Council has powers to appoint officers as are necessary under the Forest Industries Council Act 1979, the variations of the Terms and Conditions of Service were null and void without the SCMC approval. Please explain why no SCMC approval was obtained.

(c) Superannuation

The insertion of a superannuation clause in the contracts of expatriate officers, in addition to long service leave entitlements, gratuity and other fringe benefits were not in accordance with the standard Public Service contracts.

No Minutes of the Council provide for the variations and the payment to Mrs. K. Standley of the following items:

- (a) Variation of annual salary from Kl3,506 as at January 1986 to Kl4,086.54 as of April 1, 1986.
- (b) The payment of deferred salary of K3,521.63 (25% of K14,086.54) on April 11, 1986.
- (c) The award of a car allowance of K1,800 per annum not specified in the contract of employment. It would seem appropriate that these matters would have required the attention and approval of the Council. Audit could not sight the Minutes of the Council regarding this matter.

It is recommended that all variations in the Superannuation conditions of employees be approved by the Council; and in addition the approval of SCMC be obtained.

ANNUAL LEAVE AND LEAVE FARES

(a) There are no accurate and up-to-date employee annual leave records. All matters related thereto are left to the Accountant to peruse through the employee's personal file to determine date of commencement, total previously approved leave, and whether he/she is entitled to further leave. This is certainly time consuming.

It is recommended that:-

- (i) a manual record card be introduced for each employee to record all leave taken, to be up-dated annually with the current year's entitlement accrued and actual leave taken.
- (ii) These records form the basis for the calculation of an accurate end of year provision for annual leave.
- (iii) Should the records system be computerized, initially the manual records prepared be retained to run parallel until it is established that the computer is operating effectively.

(b) The management had allowed the Accountant to accumulate her annual leave since 1984 and by the time she resigned in October 1986 she had 110.5 working days of leave with a monetary value of K12,886.51 which was paid to her on 10 October 1986. This is in contravention of the Public Service regulations.

It is recommended that no employee should be allowed to accumulate any leave. Ensure that every employee takes his annual leave whenever it is due without fail.

E. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

1. BANK CHARGES

Bank charges rose from K982 in 1985 to K1603, an increase of K711 or 80% over that of 1985. The increase was attributed to the SMA operations in the last three months of 1986. No attempt was made to recoup extra charges from the logging companies benefiting from the use of the FIC Bank Account.

It is recommended to monitor Bank Charges on a monthly basis.

2. CAR EXPENSES

The following weaknesses were revealed during the audit:-

Overpayment of an officer beyond the amount specified in the contract as re-imbursable car running expenses.

Payments to Mrs. Carol Gante above the K150.00 per month entitlements were as follows:

		Cheque	V	Entitl-	
Date	<u>No</u>	Particulars	Amount	lement	Excess
4/3/86	017679	January Expenses	K204.25	K150.00	K54.25
	017679	February- Servicing & Regis-	282.84	150.00	132.94
6/5/86	077785	tration 1986 Reg & Insu- rance Prem.	170.00	150.00	20.00
		Compre- hensive Insurance	487.00	-	487.00
		Repairs	205.31 K1,349.50	150.00 600.00	55.31 749.50

An amount of K749.50 is in excess of her entitlements provided for in the contract of employment. Non-approval of these payments by the Executive Director indicates a lack of internal control.

It is recommended that care should be exercised to ensure that payments are within the stipulated entitlements only, and for bonafide purposes.

3. ELECTRICITY AND OTHER UTILITY EXPENSES

(a) Electricity

Electricity expenses for the year 1986 was K7,113 as against K3,925 in 1985 recording an increase of K3,188 or 81% over that of 1985. The increase was not a result of changes in electricity rates, but rather to the uncontrolled use, in both domestic and official residences.

It is recommended that in future electricity charges should be monitored closely to avoid extravagence.

(b) Insurance

Audit checks revealed payments of insurance costs on behalf of personal staff vehicles. The then accountant's car insurance were paid for by the Council (see item D.2 (a) Car Expenses).

It is recommended that Insurance payments should cover only FIC activities.

(c) <u>Telephone and Telex</u>

The cost of telephone and telexes for the year 1986 was K36,341 against K14,831 in 1985 resulting in an increase of K21,510 or 145% over that of 1985. Major contributor to this increase were the telex and cables associated with SMA operations. A substantial sum of this cost should perhaps, be recovered from the logging companies on whose behalf the FIC negotiated log sales contracts.

It is recommended that the cost of using FIC telephone and telex services for private or business purposes by non FIC employees/companies should be made to pay for those services.

4. EDUCATION ALLOWANCE

There were no receipts presented to FIC by the then Executive Director Mr. M. J. Cowan, in respect of his children's education allowance claim. The details of such reimbursements are:-

Date	Voucher No	Cheque No	Amount
25/04/86	4228	17767	K1,898.63
08/05/86	4258	17790	7,101.37
01/08/86	4395	29943	515.00
0-, 00, 00			K9,515.00

Steps should be taken to obtain supporting documents or reimbursements from Mr. Cowan.

It is recommended that reimbursements or payments of allowances be made on presentation of receipts only. Otherwise, such payments tantamount to misappropriation of funds.

5. SUBSCRIPTIONS AND PUBLICATIONS

(a) Audit checks revealed that Kl,947 received from sales of publications were not recorded in a separate account in the ledger and shown in the income and expenditure statement, instead receipts from sales were netted against the publications expense account.

This is a violation of accepted accounting practice and it is recommended that this practice should be avoided. All cash receipts arising from the sale of publications or other service related thereto should be shown separately in the accounts.

(b) There is no specific stock record of the number of publications printed during the year, how many were sold and/or how many remain in stock. Audit was also unable to establish whether all publication sales were properly recorded.

It is recommended that a proper stock record be maintained, and all sales from publications recorded separately.

(c) Pricing

There is insufficient evidence to indicate whether the following checks have been carried out:

- (i) That the selling prices of publications at least recoups their printing cost.
- (ii) That a proper pricing policy exists.
- (iii) That the correctness of the price used have been checked independently from time to time.

It is necessary to establish proper procedural controls as mentioned above.

(d) Free Distribution of Publications

Audit checks revealed that some of the publications were being distributed to outsiders free of charge regardless of the costs involved in their printing, at least, which should be recouped. In addition, related postage, packaging and distributions costs are involved.

It is recommended that free of charge distribution of publications should be strictly monitored, or alternatively subscribers be made to pay for the service at a fixed annual fee which should be reviewed regularly.

F. CASH

The following weaknesses were revealed during the audit:-

- (a) No prompt procedure of daily banking all monies received.
- (b) Bank reconcilations are prepared by the same person who is recording of bank transactions.
- (c) Authority to sign cheques is not restricted up to a fixed amount. For example, the then Executive Director could sign cheques of over K50,000 without prior approval of the FIC Council.

- (d) All payments are not made by cheque. A spot check of the Petty Cash revealed that the Accountant could authorize payment without the specific approval of the Executive Director. The step taken to close the Petty Cash Fund is in the right direction and is commendable.
- (e) The accounting system does not prohibit cash payments unsupported by vouchers and IOUs.
- (f) Imprest cash documents are not independently checked before reimbursing the float.
- (g) No independent verfication is made on the balance of cash in hand at random intervals by another FIC officer.

It is recommended that:

- (i) All daily collections should be banked promptly.
- (ii) Bank Reconciliations should be made by another person independent of the recording of bank transactions.
- (iii) FIC Council should fix a limit beyond which no payments can be done without specific approval. Specific instructions should be used so that authorised limits of payment are not exceeded.
- (iv) All payments be made by cheque only and supported by duly approved payment vouchers.

G. FIXED ASSETS

Audit checks revealed the following weaknesses:-

- (a) Although a Fixed Assets Register is maintained, some of the items recorded in the register cannot be located or identified. House and office furniture and equipment have not been numbered, making it difficult to identify them.
- (b) Physical checks of fixed assets do not appear to have been made on a regular basis. A list of items either recorded in the Fixed Assets Register or not is given in Appendix A.

- (c) No formal system exists to control the movement of the furniture and office equipment and loose tools.
- (d) Donated Furniture do not seem to have been recorded in the Fixed Assets Register or given a value for recording purposes (eg., 6 Maroon Moko Chairs).
- (e) Artifacts, most of which are expensive items, do not appear to have been included in the register (these are included in Appendix A).

It is recommended that:

- (i) Proper systems be established to identify the fixed assets (e.g, numbering them).
- (ii) A physical check be carried out at regular interval (e.g, half-yearly) and the movement of the assets controlled.
- (iii) A need exists to value any donated property.
- (iv) Artifacts should be properly recorded and accounted for.

H. BUDGETS

The annual budgets prepared by management were actually not used as a means of budgetary control. Audit checks and discussions with the Assistant Accountant appear to confirm that the budgets were simply overlooked as tools of control.

It was not possible to ascertain the basis of the preparation of the revenue and expenditure budgets or the correctness of the monthly budgets during 1986 financial year.

It is recommended that budgets prepared and approved by the Council should be used not only as a means of planning, but also for measuring whether revenues and expenditures are in line with budgets.

I. MINUTES OF COUNCIL

The Meeting of the Council of 3 March 1986 did not have a valid quorum as recorded and noted by the Chairman. The then Chairman reverted it to a meeting of the Executive Committee whose quorum was present. However, the adoption of the Agenda for the Council was improper, and the decisions and resolutions passed at this meeting are not legally binding.

It is recommended that the Council should seek legal opinion in this matter, to determine whether the Executive Committee of the Council has the legal mandate to adopt the Agenda of the Council to constitute matters of business to be executed by it.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE MEETINGS

The records of the Minutes of the Council consist of rather, unnecessary deliberations and opinions of the members without indicating the exact decisions and resolutions made at the meeting.

It is recommended that the Minutes record the exact decisions and resolutions of the Council. This will also cut down on clerical time and costs in paper work.

J. OTHER MATTERS

1. LEVY ASSESSMENT

The following weaknesses were revealed:

There is a considerable delay between the levy assessment day and the submission of the actual money to FIC from the Forest Product Operators. At least 3 to 4 months elapse before receipt of moneys by FIC. This is due to:

(a) The Provincial Forest Officers (PFO) normally do not visit the logging sites to assess the volume of logs harvested for a particular month, to the extent that it is difficult to verify the accuracy of the figures submitted by the Forest Product Operators.

- (b) The Provincial Forest Officers (PFO) do not give first priority to the duty of log assessment, naturally because their duty statements do not require them to do so. In effect, it is improper for FIC to rely solely upon the Department of Forests to undertake levy assessments on their behalf. It is time FIC considers to have its own staff do the assessment.
- (c) There is no pressure upon the Forest Product Operators to submit the volume of logs harvested on a timely basis. Naturally the delays, understating the volume of logs harvested, non disclosure of timber species harvested could be construed as a means of levy assessment avoidance. It is imperative that this could be avoided by FIC having its own field staff making regular levy assessments wherever this is feasible.

2. SUNDRY DEBTORS

Audit checks revealed unpaid bills amounting to Kll,274.45 as at 31 December 1986, despite the fact that invoices had been duly delivered to those concerned. Amounts indicated in the following invoices remained unpaid.

Date	Invoice No	To whom Sent	Amount K
13-02-86	173	Wewak Timbers	4.00
14-02-86	175	Beechwood Sawmill	3.00
24-02-86	180	Rex Edmond	58.00
27-02-86	183	Tim Kahata	3.00
08-05-86	200	Diralas P/L	22.50
20-05-86	203	Timbersales	126.48
20-05-86	204	H. Vikani	171.50
20-05-86	205	Punnen P. Maikos	582.15
06-06-86	211	M. Maraleu	25.00
06-06-86	213	Tonolei Dev. Corp.	21.82
25-06-86	219	Investment Corp.	1,513.87

Date	Invoice No	To whom Sent	Amount
25-06-86	220	Investment Corp.	1,197.00
18-07-86	225	Wewak Timbers	3.00
31-07-86	227	M. Maraleu	606.90
31-07-86	228	M. Cowan	650.51
31-07-86	229	Angus (PNG) Pty Ltd	84.00
20-08-86	232	PNG Forest College	3.75
28-08-86	233	G.E. Gresham	12.00
04-09-86	235	Investment Corp.	1,567.83
18 - 09-86	236	S.K. Kelly Arch. Ass	3.60
24- 09-86	237	M. J. Cowan	364.12
24-09-86	238	M. J. Cowan	312.90
07-10-86	239	Brash & Hammer Const.	37.44
01-09-84	240	Linda Ravu	16.00
01-09-84	241	G.E. Gresham	20.00
01-09-84	242	Glen Eliolon Timber	6.00
1 9- 10-86	248	M. Miskus	83.84
21-10-86	250	G. Orchards	5.00
21-10-86	251	Wewak Timbers	29.75
28-11-86	252	Questor PNG	2,974.00
1 9- 12 - 86	254	Forest Manacrehui	15.00
30-12-86	257	Investment Corp.	83.84
29-12-86	258	I. Mordeen	66.65
		•	K11,274.45

There is no proper follow up on the part of FIC of these moneys through reminders. Action should be taken to recover these outstanding moneys as soon as possible.

3. FOREST INDUSTRIES ASSOCIATION (FIA)

The Council has spent K1,298.21 since 1984 incurring expenses for FIA running costs (postage, stationery, labour, printing etc). Even though FIA is recognized by the FIC Act, it is legally an independent private organisation, whose operations should not be at the expense of the Council.

It is strongly recommended that all services rendered to FIA should be duly recovered.

4. PAYMENTS ON BEHALF OF ANGUS

There were internal arrangements between the FIC Executive Director (without Council approval) and Angus (PNG) Pty Ltd, whereby the FIC facilitated the payment of certain expenses on behalf of Angus and recoveries made against their log sales earnings.

The specific payments under this arrangement were:

	Ship	ments	
Number of Shipments	1	2	
2	K	K	
Angus Log Sales Credited to FIC Bank A/C Less: Paid on Angus behalf Wages/Supplies/Parts (696) Wages (712) Wages (717)	97,646.71 40,000.00 27,000.00 7,608.00	247,883.35	
Other (729)	9,710.00 13,000.00	•	
Other (738) Wages & Salaries (605) Lease Equipment (617) Other (612)		20,000.00 25,000.00 111,553.22	
Total Payments. Balance	97,318.00 328.71	156,553.22 91,330.13	K91,658.84

- (a) This arrangement was unauthorized and unapproved by the Council. It is also an improper accounting practice for the financial affairs of FIC to be jointly merged with those of Angus. Separate books of account should have been maintained for Angus, so that there was a clear independence in book-keeping matters of the two entities.
- (b) It was inappropriate to use the FIC account with the Bank of South Pacific Waigani, as a "clearing account" for logging companies. A "trust account" should have been opened if this was considered necessary. And in so doing, the Executive Director should have obtained the approval of the Council, especially where large sum of money were paid beyond the limits specified for the Executive Director's approval. This constituted a severe breakdown of the internal control of the FIC.

(c) Overloading FIC Account

During the six months the SMA was in operation, the FIC account at Bank of South Pacific was overloaded with short-term credit gains which seems to over balance FIC cash-flow shortcomings.

This perhaps, overshadowed FIC's smallness as a trading enterprise to the extent that extortionate claims were to be made in the form of varying the Executive Director's salary from a minimal K32,942 p.a. to K50,000 p.a. in less than a year of the term of the first contract. It was obvious that FIC was attempting to pay a salary beyond its financial capability.

(d) Administrative Work

The Executive Director committed FIC to do certain administrative duties on behalf of Angus (PNG) Pty Ltd free of charge. In fact, this increased FIC workload without reciprocity in monetary terms at arm's length.

It is recommended that any administrative assistance to clients be made on purely business terms.

5. LOG SALES PAYMENTS

(a) Under-charging the Log Companies.

The system of charging PNG logging companies a commission only was inadequate. There were other related costs incurred on behalf of these companies by FIC from the time of the sale contract negotiation on behalf of the loggers to the time payments were made to them. Please advise whether these expenses are recoverable and if so, what steps have been taken in this regard.

In future, adequate control should be exercised to incur such operating expenses on behalf of logging companies.

(b) Freight on Log Shipments

US\$741,365.42 was withheld at the Bank of South Pacific, Waigani Branch, as at 31 December 1986, apparently according to the instructions of Mr. Cowan, Executive Director. The money is a portion of the gross receipts of log sales presumably withheld to pay for freight charges and commissions to shipping companies overseas.

However, audit check revealed the following anomalies:

- (a) No mention was made in the Minutes of the Council of the specific authorization and approval to the Executive Director to retain certain moneys in US Dollars for the purpose of settling shipping freight, commissions and service charges.
- (b) The method of obtaining shippers overseas was rather questionable, especially where this was entrusted in the hands of one person, viz, Mr.S. J. Park, the President of Daihiwa Timber Marketing Co, Seoul, Korea. Audit was unable to obtain the contract between FIC and Mr. S.J. Park for his shipping services.
- (c) There is no evidence that the granting of exclusive rights to Mr. S.J. Park to engage shippers on behalf of FIC was officially approved by the Council.
- (d) Audit received no account of the transfers of funds from the amount of US\$741,356.42 as at 31 December 1986 as these amounts were usually paid by the Bank of South Pacific, Waigani Branch to shippers and other parties as per the instructions of the then Executive Director, Mr. M. J. Cowan. These monies were never credited to the FIC account with the Bank.

However, transactions of the nature stated above have now been stopped with the cessation of SMA activities.

It is recomended that in future extreme care should be exercised and ultimate control established.

(c) Log Sales Invoicing System

Audit checks revealed that the invoicing system under the SMA operation had been changed from the normal procedures and a complete system of "Commercial Invoices" had been introduced. Six copies of the invoices (including the original) were prepared for each shipment of logs as follows:-

First Copy (original) - Sent to the Importer
Overseas

Second Copy - retained on file at FIC

Third Copy - (unknown)

Fourth Copy - (unknown)

Fifth Copy - (unknown)

Sixth Copy - (unknown)

It was not possible to establish the exact distribution of the third, fourth, fifth and sixth copies of the invoices and no explanation was given. In addition, the following weaknesses were apparent:

- (a) The Commercial Invoices were not pre-numbered.
- (b) The invoices were normally typed as per instructions of the then Executive Director, and varied at his discretion.
- (c) No proper filing system existed.
- (d) No evidence of the ultimate number of invoices prepared and despatched during the operations of SMA.
- (e) There is insufficient evidence on the retained "Commercial Invoices" to show that the following checks were carried out:
- (f) That they have been compared with the importers' orders with regard to volume of logs (or quantities).
- (g) That the correctness of the prices used were checked independently.
- (h) That the extensions and additions were checked independently.

K. SMA ACTIVITIES

Audit saw no justification for the setting up of an agency within FIC to deal with the specific sale of logs, as the FIC Act of 1979 empowers FIC to enter into the marketing of forest products.

However, any major entry into a new operation would require both administrative and financial re-adjustment of the organisation structure to cater for, facilitate, co-ordinate, and accommodate new activities. At the time SMA activities began, this was not done. It was later to prove rather difficult for FIC, ending up to the abandonment of the project.

It is recommended that in future entry into any new activity, operation or venture should take into account the need to make certain related administrative changes.

APPENDIX "A"

LIST OF ASSETS EITHER RECORDED IN THE FIXED ASSETS REGISTER OR NOT ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. Regrigerator (Model Not Marked in the Printing Room)
- 2. Ricoh Electronic Printer S-1 in the Printing Room (PR)
- 3. Paper Cutting Machine (in PR)
- 4. Ricoh Fuser (Remington type)
- 5. Mistral Far-in the Conference Room (CR)
- 6. Maroon Moko-6 Chairs in the CR
- 7. 3-Cassette Tapes (Now Rusting) in CR
- 8. 3-Large Conference Tables in CR
- 9. 2-Air Conditioners in CR
- 10. 2-Coffee Tables in CR
- 11. 4-Sony Cassette (KCA) Tapes in CR
- 12. Artifacts-2 Birds of Paradise Emblems, 1-Crocodile and 4-snakes 2-wall photographs, 1-owl, 1-dolphin, 1-Highlander standing in Conference Room.
- 13. TF-Auto Breezer (Revolving Louver) in CR
- 14. 1-Ironing Flat Table (In Flat)
- 15. Cutlery and Crockery (In Flat)
- 16. 1-Sewing Machine (In Flat)
- 17. 1-VCR Video Cassette Recorder N1700 (In Flat)
- 18. 3-Beds and 3 Bed Mattresses (In Flat)
- 19. 4-Lounge Chairs, 2-Coffee Tables, 3 Red (Oak) Chairs All in the Executive Director's Office
- 20. 1-Fan (in Executive Director's Office)
- 21. 1-Bird of Paradise Emblem (In Executive Director's Office)
- 22. 1-Display Stand and Table (in Executive Director's Office)
- 23. 1-IBM Typewriter
- 24. 1-MT 100N OKI Telex Machine
- 25. 1-Selex 2050 Photocopier Machine
- 26. 1-Electrolux Refrigerator (Made in Sweden)
- 27. 1-Hot Water Boiler.

B. (1

HNUTARR	OF	FIC	ACCOUNTS	
CONTIN	GEN	CY	FACTORS	

ENT PARA NO ANO NATURE R. OF ITEM IN COMMENTARY	PROBABLE	POSSIBLE RECEIPT	UNLIHELY RECEIPT	REASONS	CERTAIN G PROBABLI PAYMEN	R E POSSIBLE T PAYMENT	UNLIKELY PAYMENT	REASONS
TO TABLE 3.	450 K	uso K	uso K		USD	K 450 K	USD K	m.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
EXPENSES REFUND							NOT BUANTIFIABLE	
(a) OVERINVOICE					249.80			CLERIR ENTITLEMENT HAS SUBSTANTIA CLAMS LIKELY TO PRESS
(b) DEMURRAGE				MONGY HAS BEEN RECOVED			NOT QUANTIFIABLE	LOW LIKEUHOOD OF SUCCESS . HARD TO SEE HOW RC LIABLE
(c) RECEPTS NOT VERIFIED	3381-80	•		BUT RECEIPT MUST BE CONFIRMED AND APPLICATION ESTABLISHED				
(d) MEP SHORFFALL		1839-58		THE FIGURE IS CLEAR OU! BUYERS LIMBLITY TOCIC IS NOT MAY BE INCLUSED IN KINDDE				
(e) bank rep, s/d, in terest		2970-00		THE FIGURE IS NAMED. IS PROBABLY INCLUDED BY (C) ABOUT		297000		IF NOT SPENT FOR STATED PLANTAGES IS PROBABLY REFUNDABLE IN PART
(1) Kunusi commissim 3%	764 -09			SEEMS MCREED TO PAY COMMISSION BUT NOT DEDUCTED				
(9) SBLC REFUND	5,869 39			OVER PAYMENT AND ENTITLEMENT TO REFUND ARE CLEAR				
(h) PARS RAM CONTRACT		•	•			432,000.00		THE CLAMISONA WATEN CONTRACT, THERE MAY
BROMERAGE				•			2660.15	BE DEFENCES. NO COMPLAINT, PORDIEN CLAHMANT, SMALL AMENT
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(a) DESPATCH			3527.78	PAID PROJUCER DIRECT PROBABLY SETTLED BY BUYER			3527.78	PAID PRODUCER DIRECT
(b) shortage claim			unquantifiable	AND PROVUCER DIRECT			UNGURNTIAN BLE	PROBABLY STOTO BETWEEN R. TO+ PRODUCER DIRECT
(C) COMMISSION AGREEMENT		UNGUANTIFIABLE		NULL DEPEND IF THERE MAS AN ACCEMENT AND THE CATE				
(a) CAMBUSCIPA	In (40 7n			CLEAR AIRCEMENT AND RECOVERY				

APPENDIX 53 THE INDEPENDENT STATE OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA

"CONFIDENTIAL"
Minister for Forests
File: 377-1-2/3-2-2
Date: 14 September, 1987

POLICY SUBMISSION NO. /87
FOR MEMBERS OF NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

STATE'S PURCHASE OPTION IN LOG EXPORT.

A. PURPOSE

To seek approval of the National Executive Council for exercising the right of State's Purchase Option by the Department of Forests in order to identify the proper market prices and reduce transfer pricing in log exports.

B. FACTS AND CONSIDERATIONS

The facts and figures of PNG log exports have shown that all log exports are carried out by the management contractors and middleman agents or overseas principals by involving third parties in Hongkong/Singapore with substantial amount of transfer pricing resulting in (i) loss of foreign exchange for the country, (ii) loss of income for the resource owners, and (iii) loss of revenues (export levies and corporate taxes) for the government.

MINIMUM EXPORT PRICES (MEP)

As a remedy to the above, MEP is fixed by the government under the Export (control and valuation) Act. Initially, MEP was considered to be a sufficiently effective step, but in practice it has not been found so. PNG logs are exported in mixed parcels which include tens of timber species under five groups and six grades. The market prices of different parcels therefore, vary depending on the number, volume, groups and grades of timber species in each parcel.

Logs are multi-purpose raw materials whose prices are negotiated on spot market basis. The review and administration of the MEP require a minimum of 3 weeks (for allowing shipments under prior contracts), during which the market prices may change again. It has been the experience in the past that MEP could not be revised quickly in response to market movements.

MEP is also the 'minimum' price or the bottom-line price, below which there is no price. Since MEP sets the market standard at botton-line we lose out significant amounts by selling at MEP, particularly in the parcels having larger proportion of higher groups and better grade species.

Given the nature of our mixed parcel and the facts of log marketing, MEP has not been an effective instrument; rather it has been used as a legal protection for underpricing.

STATE'S PURCHASE OPTION (SPO)

All timber permits include a clause for State's Purchase Option in order to sell the logs at arms length prices. Under this clause, the Permit holder is obliged to offer 25% of its annual allowable log export volume to the State for sale at or above the company's proposed price. The objectives are mainly to check market prices and identify the most competitive offer for establishing a market standard for the company's logs. But such option was not exercised until December/86 when the special licencing system was replaced by an ordinary ship-by-ship licence for checking FOB prices for every shipment of logs.

Under the Export (Control and Valuation) Act, two kinds of export licences can be granted, (1) ordinary, and (ii) special. The ordinary export licence is granted for one consignment. The special export licence is granted for more than one consignment. In the former case, the shipper is required to declare the actual FOB price, volume, value, buyer, destination, name of the ship and expected time of shipment.

While checking FOB prices, it was observed that many timber companies were not receiving the proper market prices but were selling the logs at significantly lower prices. In order to check underpricing and stimulate selling at the correct market prices, exercise of the SPO became an integral part of the new system. The SPO is exercised in the following manner.

The company, under the conditions of the Timber Permit, offers a representative parcel of logs to the Department at company's best price. The Department then checks the price with other buyers and if significantly higher prices are available, advises the company to sell at the higher price, either to company's selected buyers or to the new buyers. If significantly higher prices are not available, the company is allowed to sell at its proposed price. All financial transactions are done directly by the buyers and the shippers. The Forest Department remains as a coordinator and a witness as and where required.

The Department undertakes the above exercise only when there are significant benefits for the government and the company. So far, the SPO was exercised in cases where there were a net benefit of minimum USD 12000. A list of few cases is attached as annex-1. These amounts would have been certainly lost had there been no exercise of the SPO.

The other significant benefits of the exercise were found in determining a standard price level for balance of the products of the company. The land owners companies were directly involved in SPO having direct letters of credits at buyers prices in their own accounts for the first time in the history of their log exports. It not only enhenced their marketing knowledge and experience for managing their marketing activities by themselves but also yielding higher profits by eliminating the middlemen.

The ship-by-ship licencing system with price-checking through SPO has enabled the government and the timber industry to take full advantage of market movements resulting in dramatic improvement of FOB prices of PNG logs, for the first time almost at par with South Sea Logs.

The Forest Department has been providing the above services so far free of charge, but finds it difficult to continue due to additional costs involved in the form of market intelligence, telex, fascimiles, phone calls, travels, overtimes, inspections, etc. Moreover, the Department requires to use an agent in export markets to identify the best prices from different end-users for which a reasonable sales commission is to be paid. The Forest Department, therefore, proposes to collect 2% of the FOB value for every sale made under the SPO, in order to cover all costs including sales commission for the agent.

LOST AND FOUND REVENUE:

Under the SPO, logs are offered to the State at the company's best prices. Anything above that price is a bonus that makes up lost-and-found revenue, which would have been certainly lost in the absence of the SPO exercise. Currently we have two shipments - (a) Wawoi Guavi and (b) Kumusi. The total amount of lost-and-found revenue from these two shipments is USD 103,500 as shown in the attached annex-1. The beneficiary of this revenue should be determined. Since the conpany would have lost this amount which was recovered due to efforts of the State, no one but the State should be the logical beneficiary. Thus it would generate additional revenue for the government and ditter the timber companies from selling logs at less than market prices.

VIEWS OF OTHER MINISTERS

To be sought in the cabinet meeting.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

No expenditure will be required by the government. On the other hand, a significant amount of foreign exchange and government revenue will be generated. In the absence of this exercise, however, significant amount of foreign exchange and government's revenue will be lost.

E. STAFFING IMPLICATIONS

Nil. No additional staff will be required. The exercise will be carried out by the existing staff.

F. LEGISLATIVE IMPLICATIONS

Nil.

G. CONSTITUTIONAL IMPLICATIONS

Ni1

H. POLITICAL IMPLICATIONS

Nil.

I. PLANNING IMPLICATIONS

Ni1

J. DECENTRALISATION IMPLICATIONS

Nil

K. PREVIOUS POLICY REFERENCE

Nil

L. RECOMMENDATIONS

- (1) Approval be given for exercising the right of State's Purchase Option by the Department of Forest in accordance with the terms and conditions of Timber Permit.
- (2) Approval be given for receiving 2% of the FOB value as sales commission and handling charges from the sales mad under the SPO to meet the running costs.
- (3) Approval be given for realising the lost and found revenues for the state.

TOM HORIK MP

Minister for Forests

SOME OF THE CASES OF STATE'S PURCHASE OPTION EXERCISED OR PRICE IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPT. OF FOREST SINCE JAN/87..

Name of Company		any's proposed les price/M3		s Purchase	Difference o	f Quantity in M3	Lost & Found Revenue (USD)	Remarks Month of shipment
GAISHO	USD	64/M3	USD	75/M3	USD 11/M3	6,300 M3	USD 69,300	January
OPEN BAY-	(1) (2)	58/M3 64/M3		65/M3 66/M3	8/M3 2/M3	6,000 M3 6,000 M3	48,000 12,000	January June
STETTIN BAY-		5 8 /M3		60 /M3	2/M3	6,000 M3	12,000	March
WEWAK TIM-		51/M3		55/M3	4/M3	6,000 M3	24,000	March/87
BISMARK-	(1) (2)	60/M3 56/M3		64/M3 60/M3	4/M3 4/M3	4,800 M3 4,800 M3	19,200 19,200	Marcn May/87
MUSSAU TIM	(1) (2)	60/M3 61/M3		66/M3 69/M3	6/M3 8/M3	6,000 M3 5,500 M3	36,000 44,000	March May
AMAZON BAY-	(1) (2)	65/M3 74/M3		70/M3 79/M3	5/M3 5/M3	6,600 M3 6,500 M3	33,000 32,000	May July
NAWOI GUAVI-		90/M3		96/M3	6/M3	6,000 M3	36,000	Oct/87
CUMUSI TIMBER CO	•	90/M3		99/M3	9/M3	7,500 M3	67,500	Oct/87

THE INDEPENDENT STATE OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA

Public Finances (Management) Act, 1986

ESTABLISHMENT OF STATE PURCHASE OPTION LOG MARKETING TRUST ACCOUNT

- I, GALEVA KWARARA, Minister for Finance and Planning by virture of powers confirmed on me by Section 15 of the Public Finance (Management) Act, 1986 and all other powers me enabling hereby;
- 1) In accordance with Section 15 of the Public Finances (Management) Act, 1936.
 - (a) establish a Trust Account to be known as the State
 Purchase Option Log Marketing Trust Account.
 - (b) direct that the purpose of the account is to receive 2% of FOB value from logs exported by Logging Companies in PNG as Sales Commission Charges.
- 2) For the better Control and Management of the Trust Account and in accordance with Section 16 & 17 of the Public Finance (Management) Regulation issue the following Financial Instructions.
 - (a) moneys received from various Logging Companies as Sales Commission Charges be credited into the Trust Account.
 - (b) payment out of the Trust Account will be made towards the Cost of Letters of Credit from the Buyers to the Shippers, Sales Commission to sales agents, and to meet other running costs.

Payment out of the Trust Account will be authorised jointly by the Secretary for Forests, the Principal Marketing Officer, and the Accountant as their alternate.

The Department of Forests shall submit Quarterly Statements and Summaries of the Trust Account to the Secretary for Finance and Planning within seven (7) days of end of each quarter.

Dated this day of 1987

Galeva Kwarara
Minister for Finance & Planning

APPENDIX 55

ASPECTS AND GUIDELINES OF SPO RUNNING COSTS:

(1) Costs for communications

Payments for all sorts of mail, courier, telephone, telex fax bills including the installation or purchase and maintenance of typewriter, telephone, telex, fax and photocopy machines.

(2) Entertainments of buyers

Payments for tea, coffee, business lunch/dinner for buyers or their agents while they are in Port Moresby.

(3) <u>Transport</u>

Costs for courtesy transport to and from airport, hotels and offices in Port Moresby for buyers or their agents while they are in Port Moresby.

(4) Log Inspection

Costs for air travels to and from the loading ports or clearing ports and accomodation for log inspectors for SPO log shipments.

(5) Overseas Visits

Cost for travels, accomodation and other essential expenses for visiting overseas for negotiation of prices, freight, terms of L/C, any demurrage claims, and any other relevant jobs involved in connection with marketing of SPO logs.

(6) Sales Commission

Payment of Sales Commission to the agents in accordance with the terms and conditions of SPO log sales.

(7) Overtime

Payment of overtime for the staff and any other expenses essentially incurred for the interest of SPO log marketing.

(8) Cost for the Staff

Salary & Wages accommodation transport and any other costs involved in keeping any additional staff outside the departmental ceiling who might be considered necessary for successful running of the SPO.

(9) Cost for Incentives

Expenditures, if any, by way of incentives for efficent performances of the SPO.

(10) Cost for Office Accomodation

Expenditure if any required for hiring the office accomodation for the purpose of SPO.

Expenditures

All expenditures regarding the SPO running costs as stated above must be made with prior approval of the following anthority:

up to K 1,000.00 - The Principle Marketing Officer
up to K50,000.00 - The Secretary Dept of forests
up to K100,000.00 - The Minister for Forests
up to K300,000.00 - The Minister for Finance & Planning
above K300,000.00 - The Governor general

Surplus Revenue

All surplus revenue will remitted to the Department of Finance as consolidated revenue of the government.

STATEMENT OF SPO SHIPMENTS 1988

MNTH	COMPANY	M ₃ AOLUME	COMPANY'S PRICE	SPO PRICE	COMPANY'S VALUE	SPO VALUE	DIFFERENCE IN VALUE	2% ON FOB	Remarks
JAN	DAHANAMALTI LOGGING	2883.186		72		207,589.39		4151.79	STATE SEIZED LOGS
FEB	LEYTRAC PTY LTD	4079.685	79	85	322,295.11	346,773.22	24,478.11	6935.46	
MAR	LUABA LOGGING P/L	5487.211		50		274,360.25		5487.20	STATE SEIZED LOGS
APR	DAHANAMALTI LOGGING P/L	6631.917	 	50		331,595.85		6631.92	STATE SEIZED LOGS
мау	AMAZON BAY SAWMILLING	5184.733		65		337,007.64		6740.15	STATE SEIZED logs
JUN	BISMARK INDUSTRIES P/L	5999.991	59	60	341.999.49	359,999.46	17,999.97	7199.99	
JUL	TONOLEI DEV. CORP.	5084.854	81	83	411,873.17	442,042.88	10,169.71	8440.86	
,	ULABO TIMBER COMPANY	3974.479	70.50	73	280,200.77	290,136.97	9,936.20	5802.74	
	TASOKULAK PTY LTD	2999.636	90	91	269,967.24	272.966.87	2,999.63	5459.34	<u> </u>
SEP	CATHOLIC MISSION-ULAMONA	4232.844	66.00	68.00	279,367.70	287,833.39	8,465.69	5756.67	
	· N W B	3956.116	88.00	91.00	348,138.21	360,006.56	11,868.35	7200.13	! ! !
OCT	UNEVULG DEV'T P/L	29 89. 881		63		188,362.50		3767.25	
"	TASUKOLAK PTY LTD	3015.006	90	92	271,350.54	277,380.55	6,030.01	5547.01	1
11	UMBOI TIMBER COMPANY	2941.818	88	92	258,879.98	270,647.26	11,767.28	5412.95	
	TOTAL	59,461.357M ³			USD	4,246,702.79	103,714.95	84,534.06	

APPENDIX 57

PROBLEMS SAID TO EXIST IN DOF MARKETING

(1) Remuneration

- (a) Log marketing is a commercial operation. There are private sector counterparts (marketing managers and staff) who perform the same functions and are remunerated at much higher than public service levels. Marketing is a high tension, responsible and risky business and public service pay rates are not loaded to reflect such matters.
- (b) Because of time differentials between PNG and buyers or agents in other countries, and because of the exigencies of the log marketing business, long hours are spent at night and weekends transacting business and conferring with, and entertaining, producers and customers. Under Public Service constraints overtime is not paid.
- (c). The nature of log marketing renders personal contact and constant availability important. Telephone calls are received at, and made from residences, (often late at night or early in the morning); home entertainment is important for visitors and provision of transport to visitors and customers is important. The Public Service contraints preclude reimbursement of home telephone bills, reimbursement of cost of home (and some external) entertainment and do not provide for transport or adequate reimbursement for transport provided privately (particularly outside working hours).
- (d). Many successful marketing ventures gain success from performance related incentives. Such a concept is foreign to Public Service wage and salary systems.

Accommodation and Facilities

The bureaucratic attitude to work accommodation and facilities is not appropriate to a commercial activity.

(a). Office space, furniture and furnishing are inadequate and of poor standard and these create a poor impression with commercial buyers and sellers.

- (b). There is a lack of administrative and logistic support; the DOF Marketing Section does not have a typist as there is no position for one; though faxsimile and telex machines are available in DOF they are routinely functional and manned only during public service working hours; and not available or operative after hours telephone expenses are limited by public service budget constraints and a commercial operation conducting business with overseas buyers is foreign to such constraints.
- (c). Legal advice through Government channels is not adequate for or time responsive to the demands of a commercial operation.
- (d). the concept of entertainment in a commercial operation is foreign to and not provided for in the public service system.

3. Operations

The processes of decision making and expenditure controls which are appropriate to public service operations impose severe impediments to a commercial operation.

- (a). decision making is essentially vested in the Secretary DOF who of necessity is not constantly available and who has many other responsibilities.
- (b) the bureaucratic system of written Minutes and Briefs and written replies (whilst protecting all concerned) is just not workable in commercial log marketing where time is of the essence.
- (c). the system of authorities and documents necessary to conclude and amend contracts and letters of credit, to make payments and to authorise expenditures is cumbersome and not appropriate to a commercial activity.